

FORM PTO-1390		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 1217.1009 09/ 674175	
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)					
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/JP99/02204		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE April 23, 1999		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED April 27, 1998	
TITLE OF INVENTION CONTROL SYSTEM, DISPLAY DEVICE, CONTROL-USE HOST COMPUTER, AND DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Nobuhiro II et al.					
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items under 35 U.S.C. 371: 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This express request to immediately begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). 2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The U.S. National Fee (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(1)) and other fees as follows:					
CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS	29 -20 =	9	x \$ 18.00	162.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS	8 -3 =	5	x \$ 80.00	400.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)			+ \$270.00	0.00
	BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(4):				
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> For filing with EPO or JPO search report (37 CFR 1.492(a)(5)).....				\$ 860
	<input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482)				\$ 710
	<input type="checkbox"/> No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)).....				\$ 760
	<input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO.....				\$1,000
	<input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2) to (4).....				\$ 100
	Surcharge of \$130 for furnishing the National fee or oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 mos. from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.482(e)).				0.00
	TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS				1,422.00
	Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Affidavit must be filed also. (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28.)				
	SUBTOTAL				1,422.00
	Processing fee of \$130 for furnishing the English Translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 mos. from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.482(f)).				
	TOTAL NATIONAL FEE				1,422.00
	Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)).				40.00
	TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED				1,462.00
<p>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of <u>\$1,462.00</u> to cover the above fees is enclosed.</p> <p>b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. <u>19-3935</u> in the Amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p> <p>c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>19-3935</u>. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p>					

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3. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
- a. ☒ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
 - c. ☐ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
4. ☒ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
5. Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))
- a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
6. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
7. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
8. ☐ A translation of the Annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

Other document(s) or information included:

9. a. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement Under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 (with Form PTO-1449 and Four (4) Cited References).
- b. ☐ Preliminary Amendment (deleting multiple-dependencies in the claims).
10. ☒ An assignment document for recording.
- Please mail the recorded assignment document to:
- a. ☒ the person whose signature, name & address appears at the bottom of this page.
 - b. ☐ the following:
11. The above checked items are being transmitted
- a. ☐ before the 18th month publication.
 - b. ☐ after publication and the Article 20 communication but before 20 months from the priority date.
 - c. ☐ after 20 months but before 22 months (surcharge and/or processing fee included).
 - d. ☐ after 22 months (surcharge and/or processing fee included).
- Note:** Petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) is necessary if 35 U.S.C. 371 requirements submitted after 22 months *and no proper demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by 19 months from the earliest claimed priority date.*
- e. ☒ by 30 months and a proper demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
 - f. ☐ after 30 months but before 32 months and a proper demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date (surcharge and/or processing fee included).
 - g. ☐ after 32 months (surcharge and/or processing fee included).
- Note:** Petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) is necessary if 35 U.S.C. 371 requirements submitted after 32 months and a proper demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by 19 months from the earliest claimed priority date.
12. At the time of transmittal, the time limit for amending claims under Article 19
- a. ☐ has expired and no amendments were made.
 - b. ☐ has not yet expired.
13. ☐ Certain requirements under 35 U.S.C. 371 were previously submitted by the applicant on _____, namely:
14. ☒ Other: Amendments made under PCT Article 34 on November 24, 1999 (with English Translation)
Amendments made under PCT Article 34 on May 1, 2000 (with English Translation)
PCT Request Form (PCT-EASY Version 2.83)
Japanese-language International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/210)
International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/409)
PCT Notice (Form PCT/IB/308) with Copy of International Application as Published (WO 99/56186)
Japanese-language International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/210)
English-language International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/210)



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PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

October 27, 2000

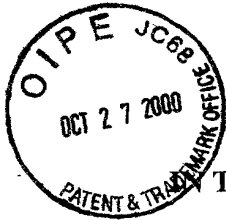
DATE

J. Randall Beckers

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DOCKET NO. 1217.1009



THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application Under 35 U.S.C. §371 of:

Nobuhiro II et al.

Based upon International Serial No. PCT/JP99/02204

International Filing Date: April 23, 1999

For: CONTROL SYSTEM, DISPLAY DEVICE, CONTROL-USE HOST COMPUTER,
AND DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD

LETTER

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231


ATTN: United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US)

Sir:

Applicants submit herewith for filing a Japanese-language application under 35 U.S.C. §371, including the Transmittal Letter to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) (Form PTO-1390), the English translation of the above-identified application, including drawings, Request for International Patent Application as filed, International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/210), and a copy of the International Application as published (WO 99/56186).

Respectfully submitted,
STAAS & HALSEY LLP

Date: October 27, 2000

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VERIFICATION OF TRANSLATION

I, Harumi SASAKI, a citizen of Japan, residing at 19-A608, Mihogaoka, Ibaraki, Osaka, Japan hereby declare:

That I am fully familiar with the English language and with the Japanese language in which the accompanying International Patent Application No. PCT/JP99/02204 has been prepared;

That the annexed English text is believed by me to be a true and accurate translation of the text of said Japanese Application; and

That all statements made herein of my knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application of any patent issuing thereon.

Signed at Osaka, Japan

Date: October 11, 2000

Signature: Harumi Sasaki
Harumi SASAKI

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Specification

CONTROL SYSTEM, DISPLAY DEVICE, CONTROL-USE HOST COMPUTER, AND DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD

Technical Field

The present invention relates to (i) a control system that has a plurality of control devices each of which is composed of control means (control unit) such as a programmable logic controller (hereinafter referred to as PLC) and a display device displaying a control state of the control means, and that enables transmission between the control means, (ii) a display device as display means for the control system, (iii) a control-use host computer suitably used in a control system, and (iv) a data transmission method regarding data transmission between a first data processing device having its own communication protocol specialized for itself like the foregoing control unit and a second data processing

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device having a common communication protocol like a personal-computer-applied device.

Background Art

In a conventional control system like the foregoing type, generally, a PLC is placed at the center of control, and a plurality of PLCs and host computers are connected via predetermined interface circuits directly or indirectly via dedicated adapters, so that transmission of control data between the PLCs as well as between the PLCs and the host computers is carried out with use of communication functions of the PLCs.

However, developed from a sequencer utilizing a relay, a PLC functions best in operations related with input/output control, such as an ON/OFF control of a switch and an operation of taking in data from a sensor, and use of a PLC as a center of data communication will overload the PLC even though it is possible.

Furthermore, a data communication time becomes excessively long, for instance, upon initial setting before control when more data transmission is required as compared with during control. In the case where a personal computer is directly connected to a display device of a PLC to shorten the data communication time, connection change becomes extremely bothersome.

The following description will explain a typical conventional control device, while referring to Figure 24 that is a block diagram schematically illustrating an arrangement of the same. A plurality of PLCs (three PLCs in the case of Figure 24), that is, PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ are equipped with their dedicated display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ , respectively, and are connected with a host computer 504 via a network circuit 503. In response to a control output of the host computer 504, the PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ control one or a plurality of apparatuses to be controlled (not shown), receive states of the control-target apparatuses from sensors not shown, and cause the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ to display the states.

The foregoing PLC 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ may use different protocols, as indicated with the reference codes of α , β , and γ in Figure 24, depending on respective manufacturers thereof, or in some cases from one PLC to another PLC even though made of the same manufacturer. Therefore, the host computer 504 conducts communication with the PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ via the network circuit 503 according to protocols α , β , and γ , respectively.

Therefore, the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ are connected with the corresponding PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and

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501 γ via connection cables 505 α , 505 β , and 505 γ , respectively. The display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ synthesize data expressing control states transmitted according to the foregoing protocols α , β , and γ , respectively, with characters and image data installed beforehand, so as to produce display screens and execute display. More specifically, for example, changeable data such as data expressing the foregoing control states are synthesized with a fixed screen display in which names of the foregoing apparatuses to be controlled are added to a background illustrating a manufacturing line, and a resultant screen display is displayed.

Therefore, the foregoing display screen is changed upon a change of products being produced or a producing method, and also it is changed out upon occurrence of an inconvenience.

As described above, the foregoing PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ have originally been developed from control-use sequencers using relays, and they excel in ON/OFF control of switches and functions as input/output circuits for taking in data from sensors, whereas they are inferior in data communication functions. Therefore, they are capable of transmitting data like data expressing control states of the apparatuses to be controlled to the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ , but they are not suitable

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for transmission of enormous data such as character and image data.

Therefore, conventionally, upon changes of the display screen, a personal computer 506 storing the character and image data is taken into the manufacturing site, and the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ set in walls or manufacturing machines are taken out. After the PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ are turned into a offline state, disconnected to the network circuit 503, the connection cables 505 α , 505 β , and 505 γ connecting the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ with the PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ are disconnected from the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ (indicated by an arrow code Φ as to the connection cable 505 α). Thereafter, a connection cable 507 extended from the personal computer 506 is connected thereto (indicated by an arrow code θ as to the connection cable 507), so that the foregoing character and image data are installed.

Upon an end of the installation of data, connection of the connection cables 505 α , 505 β , and 505 γ with the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ is restored, the display devices 502 α , 502 β , and 502 γ are returned to their own places in the walls or manufacturing machines, and the PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ are returned into an online state, with connection of the same with the

network circuit 503 restored.

Therefore, the operation of changing the screen display is complicated, and it is necessary to consecutively connect the personal computer 506 with the display device whose screen display is to be changed, one after another, for downloading. Therefore, there arises a problem that an offline time is prolonged.

Furthermore, transmission of a relatively large amount of data upon, for example, a change of processed products or drastic changes to processing operation data is also executed by connecting the personal computer 506 with the PLCs 501 α , 501 β , and 501 γ and installing preset data such as application programs and initial values, like in the foregoing case of the foregoing characters and image data.

Furthermore, since the PLCs differ in communication protocols for data communication, depending on respective manufacturers thereof, or in some cases from one PLC to another PLC even though produced by the same manufacturer, there are innumerable communication protocols to which a host computer has to be suited, and it is necessary to anew prepare communication protocols that are suited for the PLCs, for dedicated use of the host computer. Thus, there exists a problem of extreme inconvenience.

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Disclosure of the Invention

The inventors of the present invention examined the foregoing problems, and arrived at the following finding. Namely, having been developed as a personal-computer-applied device, a programmable display device that has been exclusively used for display is capable of data communication with a generally used personal computer without any problem with use of a generally used protocol. Furthermore, a display device is necessarily capable of data communication with a PLC, it is usual that a dedicated communication protocol specialized for a PLC to be connected with the display device has been developed.

Therefore, in the case where this display device is placed at center of communication and each PLC and a host computer are connected to each other with use of display devices, the display devices function as protocol converting means in data communication.

The present invention has been made based on this finding, and an object of the present invention is to provide a control system in which a display device that conventionally was used exclusively for display of a control state is placed at center of data communication. This ensures that a control unit such as a PLC can be exclusively used for I/O control that is its own

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function, whereby a load on the control unit is decreased. At the same time, it ensures that innumerable communication protocols of control units need not be considered on the side of a data processing device of the host computer or the like or on the display device side, whereby steps of software can be reduced.

Furthermore, based on the foregoing finding, an object of the present invention is to provide a data transmission method for a system having (i) a first data processing device having its own communication protocol specialized for itself such as the foregoing control unit, and (ii) a second data processing device having a common communication protocol such as a personal-computer-applied device, the data transmission method ensuring normal communication, without causing the second data processing device to consider all innumerable specialized communication protocols upon data transmission between the first and second data processing devices, so that steps of software for development, management, and maintenance of the system can be reduced.

More specifically, a control system in accordance with the present invention is a control system including a plurality of control devices, each control device including a control unit and a display device connected with the control unit via a dedicated communication line

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and being capable of display corresponding to a control state of the control unit, the control system being capable of transmitting data between the control devices, and to achieve the aforementioned object, the control system is characterized in that (i) data are transmitted between the control unit and the display device according to a dedicated protocol specialized for the control unit, and (ii) all of the display devices in the control devices are connected with each other via a common communication line, and data are transmitted between the display devices according to a common protocol.

Incidentally, protocols in a wide sense include protocols (transmission protocols) that have to be standardized in a network covering a transmitter and a receiver, for, otherwise data per se cannot be transmitted. Such protocols include: codes indicative of a start character, an end character, etc.; transmitting/receiving timings of each character; and methods for identifying the transmitter or the receiver. The protocols also include command systems that have to be standardized between the transmitter and the receiver, for, otherwise, an operation requested by one part and an operation executed by the other part do not coincide, thereby making it impossible to normally execute operations such as control operations. The

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aforementioned dedicated and common protocols are realized as combination of transmission protocols and command systems.

This allows the control unit to be used in exclusively for I/O control which is its own function, thereby enabling to reduce a load on the control unit. Moreover, since the display device should be at least capable of communication according a dedicated protocol of a control unit connected thereto and according to the foregoing common protocol, it is possible to decrease the number of steps required for production (development) of software.

In addition to the foregoing arrangement, a data processing device may be connected to the common communication line, and data may be transmitted between the data processing device and each display device according to the foregoing common protocol.

In the foregoing arrangement, the data processing device is communicable with any control device as long as the data processing device can communicate according to the common protocol. Therefore, in spite of the presence of the data processing device, time and labor for development, management, and maintenance of the whole control system can be saved.

Furthermore, to achieve the aforementioned object,

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a display device in accordance with the present invention is characterized by comprising (i) a first data communication port connected with a control unit having a predetermined dedicated communication protocol specialized for the control unit itself, (ii) a second data communication port connected with a certain data processing device, (iii) a data processing section that processes data inputted and outputted through the first and second data communication ports, in accordance with a procedure set beforehand, and (iv) a display section that provides a display corresponding to information processed by the data processing section, and is characterized in that (a) the display device executes data communication with the control unit according to the dedicated communication protocol of the control unit, and (b) the display device executes data communication with the data processing device according to the common communication protocol.

By using a display device arranged as above, like in the case of the above-described control system, a load on the control unit can be reduced, while the number of steps required for production (development) of software can be decreased.

Furthermore, in addition to the foregoing arrangement, the display device may be arranged so that

the data processing section is also connected with an operating section, so that a timing of data processing and contents of the processing by the data processing section can be manually instructed by means of the operating section. This arrangement allows the display device to be used as operating means of the control system.

Furthermore, any one of the display devices arranged as described above is preferably further arranged so as to further include a data input section for downloading, from outside the device, data for communication according to the dedicated communication protocol.

The foregoing arrangement ensures communication with the control unit without troubles only by downloading programs for communication, data indicative of a communication format, and other data for a dedicated protocol upon necessity, without preparing in the display device beforehand all data that allow communication according to any one of all dedicated protocols likely connected with the display device.

Furthermore, any one of the display devices arranged as described above is preferably further arranged so as to further include a conversion table storing section that stores a conversion table showing correspondence between special information of the control unit that is

According to the foregoing arrangement, not a program for communication is prepared for each control unit, but a conversion table is prepared for each control unit. Therefore, only by changing the conversion table, communication according to each dedicated protocol is enabled.

According to the foregoing arrangement, the display device applies necessary data to undefined portions of the data transfer format and produces a command to be transferred with a specific control unit at real time

during an operation of the control system. Therefore, irrespective of where data inputted come from, transmission of data is enabled. Furthermore, even when a control unit to which the data should be transmitted is changed, necessary actions can be taken without stopping the system.

Furthermore, any one of the display devices arranged as described above is preferably further arranged so as to further include a protocol determining section that (a) sends out preset data according to a communication protocol selected from among a group of protocols applicable for communication of itself, prior to data transmission with the control unit, and that (b) in the case where a response from the control unit coincides with a predetermined response, determines the communication protocol as a communication protocol used for the data transmission with the control unit.

According to the foregoing arrangement, the dedicated protocol that the display device uses for data transmission is determined prior to establishment of data transmission with the control unit. This enables reduction of time and labor spent by the user, and also prevents errors in setting, as compared with the case where the user sets the dedicated protocol.

On the other hand, a data transmission method in

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accordance with the present invention is a data transmission method applied when a data processing device transmits data with a first data processing device and a second data processing device, the data processing device being provided between the first data processing device and the second data processing device, the first data processing device transmitting data according to a first communication protocol, and the second data processing device transmitting data according to a second communication protocol, and to achieve the aforementioned object, the method is characterized by comprising (i) a dedicated protocol communication step of transmitting data with the first data processing device according to a communication protocol specialized for the first data processing device, and (ii) a common protocol communication step of transmitting data with the second data processing device according to a communication protocol common to data processing devices that are likely connected with the data processing device.

According to the foregoing arrangement, each data processing device has to be capable of communication only according a dedicated protocol of the first data processing device connected thereto and according to the common protocol. Therefore, as is the case with the foregoing control system, it is possible to decrease the

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number of steps required for production (development) of software.

Furthermore, a data transmission method in accordance with the present invention is a data transmission method applied when a data processing device transmits data with a first data processing device and a second data processing device, the data processing device being provided between the first data processing device and the second data processing device, the first data processing device transmitting data according to a first communication protocol, and the second data processing device transmitting data according to a second communication protocol, and to achieve the aforementioned object, the method is characterized by including (i) a dedicated protocol communication step of transmitting data with the first data processing device according to a communication protocol specialized for the first data processing device, and (ii) a data sending step of, prior to the dedicated protocol communication step, selecting a communication protocol from among a group of protocols possessed by itself and sending out preset data according to the selected communication protocol, and (iii) a protocol determining step of waiting for a response from the first data processing device, and determining a communication protocol to which a predetermined response

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According to the foregoing arrangement, the data sending step and the communication protocol determining step are performed before the dedicated protocol communication step. This enables reduction of time and labor spent by the user, and also prevents errors in setting, as compared with the case where the user sets the dedicated protocol.

On the other hand, a control-use host computer in accordance with the present invention is a control-use host computer used in a control system that includes (a) a control unit for controlling a control target, (b) a display device that communicates with the control unit via a dedicated network so as to display or control a control state of the control unit and that, in the case where a common network apart from the dedicated network has a communication protocol different from that of the dedicated network, converts one of the protocols into the other protocol, and (c) the control-use host computer connected with the display device via the common network, and to achieve the aforementioned object, the control-use host computer is characterized by including an interface section that sends data streams containing instruction contents for the control unit via the common network to

the display device connected with the control unit.

According to the foregoing arrangement, the interface section of the control-use host computer gives the display control device information of instruction contents to the display device via the common network, and the display control device that is an essential element of the control system converts the communication protocol so as to transfer the information to the control device. Therefore, the interface section of the control system communicates with the common network according to one communication protocol at all times irrespective of the communication protocol of the control device. Consequently, this allows control devices with different communication protocols to exist together in the control system, and therefore, time and labor in incorporating a control device into the control system.

Furthermore, since the communication protocol of the interface section is uniform irrespective of the communication protocol of the control device, there is no need to change the interface section and the transmission control means of the control-use host computer, even in the case where a new control device is developed. Therefore, as compared with the conventional cases where when a new control device is incorporated a program for a communication protocol of the new control device is

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created on both the sides of the display control device and the control-use host computer, time and labor required upon incorporation of the control device into the control system can be saved for the time and labor required relating to the control-use host computer, and time and labor required for management and maintenance of the whole control system can be saved.

Furthermore, in addition to the foregoing arrangement, the control-use host computer is preferably arranged so as to further include a plurality of transmission control sections that are provided between the interface section and a host-side display section for controlling or displaying a state of the control target and that controls the interface section in response to a request from the host-side display section, so as to transmit or receive data for controlling or displaying the state of the control target, wherein one of the transmission control sections is a simple transmission control section that is capable of specifying the request through a simpler procedure than the other transmission control section does.

According to the foregoing arrangement, since at least one of the transmission control sections is a simple transmission control section, the developer on the host-side control section is allowed to send a request

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regarding a degree of difficulty according to his/her own expertise, by selecting the simple transmission control section or the other transmission control section. Furthermore, the developer of the transmission control section is allowed to recommend which transmission control section should be used, considering expertise of the developer of the host-side display control section. Consequently, it is possible to prevent errors of the control system caused by a mistake of the developer of the host-side display control section.

Furthermore, a control system in accordance with the present invention is a control system in which a control device controls a control target in response to a control output transmitted from a host device, and transmits information about the control to a display device so that the information is synthesized and displayed with character and image data installed beforehand in the display device, and to achieve the aforementioned object, the control system is characterized in that the display device is provided between the host device and the control unit, so that the character and image data are downloaded from the host device so as to be installed in the display device.

According to the foregoing arrangement, noting that a display device dealing with data of a relatively larger

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amount such as image data has a higher computing competence and higher applicability to data communication as compared with a control unit dealing with data of a relatively smaller amount such as ON/OFF data, this display device is provided between the host device such as a host computer and the control unit such as a programmable logic controller, and a control output from the host device or control state data from the control unit can be transmitted without any trouble via the display device to the control unit or to the host device, respectively. On the other hand, upon installing character and image data that are produced by writing names of control-target devices on a background screen illustrating, for example, manufacturing lines, the data can be transmitted directly to the display device via a normal communication circuit. Therefore, there is no need to carry out complex operations such as taking the host device into a manufacturing site, changing the wire connection, and the like. Moreover, in the case where a plurality of display devices, that is, control units are connected via a network circuit, character and image data can be transmitted to the display devices successively, whereby the installing operation can be completed within a short time.

Furthermore, a control system in accordance with the

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present invention is a control system in which a plurality of control units respectively control control targets in response to control outputs transmitted from a host device, and information about the controls is displayed in corresponding display devices, respectively, and to achieve the aforementioned object, the control system is characterized in that the display device is provided between the host device and the control unit, so that preset data are downloaded from the host device so as to be installed in the display device.

According to the foregoing arrangement, like in the case where character and image data are installed, the display devices transfer data to the control units and the host computer, respectively, thereby providing transmission of data without troubles. Furthermore, upon installing preset data such as application programs and initial values to not only the display devices but also the control units, it is possible to directly transmit the data via normal communication lines. This ensure reduction of works upon installation, while ensures that the installing operation can be completed within a short time even in the case where a plurality of display devices, that is, control units are connected.

Furthermore, the control system that enables installation of character and image data or preset data

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from the host device is preferably arranged so that communication between the control unit and the display device corresponding thereto should be carried out according to a certain protocol, while communication via a network circuit between the display device and the host device should be carried out according to the predetermined common protocol.

According to the foregoing arrangement, taking advantage of that each control unit is connected with the host device via the display device that has a high computing competence and high applicability to data communication, the display device is made to have a function of protocol conversion. In so doing, the conventional control unit is allowed to use an arbitrary protocol that differs depending on the manufacturer or the product, while the network is made to use the predetermined common protocol, and consequently, extension or change of the control system can be easily executed.

For a fuller understanding of the nature and advantages of the invention, reference should be made to the ensuing detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

Brief Description of the Drawings

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Figure 1 is a block diagram illustrating a structure of a principal part of a control system illustrating an embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a block diagram illustrating a structure of a principal part of a control system of another embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating a structure of a principal part of a control system of still another embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 4 is a block diagram illustrating a network structure of a control system of still another embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 5 is a block diagram illustrating an example of an arrangement of hardware of a PLC and a programmable display device in the foregoing control system.

Figure 6 is a perspective view of an example of an outward, partially cut-away appearance of the programmable display device.

Figures 7(a) and 7(b) are explanatory views illustrating an example of control operations of the foregoing control system.

Figures 8(a) through 8(c) are explanatory views illustrating an arrangement of a processing instruction word used in the foregoing control system.

Figure 9 is a block diagram illustrating a principal

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part of the foregoing control system.

Figure 10 is a block diagram illustrating a principal part of a control system in accordance with still another embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 11 is an explanatory view illustrating an example of a data transfer format used in a common protocol in the foregoing control system.

Figure 12 is an explanatory view illustrating an example of data transfer format used in a dedicated protocol in the foregoing control system.

Figure 13 is an explanatory view illustrating an example of a conversion table used in protocol conversion between a dedicated protocol and a common protocol in the foregoing control system.

Figure 14 is a block diagram explaining the foregoing control system in more detail.

Figure 15 is a block diagram illustrating a principal part of a control system in accordance with still another embodiment of the present invention.

Figures 16(a) through 16(b) are explanatory views illustrating an example of tables of correspondence between dedicated protocols and response codes in the case where a protocol-identification command is sent out by the foregoing control system.

Figure 17 is a flowchart illustrating an automatic

judging procedure of the dedicated protocol in the foregoing control system.

Figure 18 is a block diagram illustrating a principal part of a control system in accordance with still another embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 19 is a block diagram illustrating a principal part of a control system in accordance with still another embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 20 is an explanatory view illustrating an example of a data transfer format used in the foregoing control system.

Figure 21 is a timing chart for explaining a download operation of image data from a host side to a display device side in the foregoing control system.

Figure 22 is a block diagram illustrating a principal part of a control system in accordance with still another embodiment of the present invention.

Figures 23(a) through 23(g) are explanatory views illustrating an example of a format of data used in the foregoing control system.

Figure 24 is a block diagram illustrating a principal part of a typical control system of prior art.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The following description will explain the present

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invention, referring to examples of the present invention and comparative examples. Note that however the present invention is not limited by the examples at all.

[First Embodiment]

The following description will explain an embodiment of the present invention while referring to Figure 1. As shown in Figure 1 that schematically illustrates an overall structure of a control system 1 in accordance with the present embodiment, the control system 1 is provided with a plurality of control devices 5 each of which includes a control unit 2, a display device 3 capable of display suitable to a controlled state of the control unit 2, and a dedicated communication line 4 for connection between the control unit 2 and the display device 3, so that data can be transferred between the control devices 5. In each control device 5, the control unit 2 and the display device 3 execute data communication by means of a dedicated protocol inherently specialized for each control unit 2. On the other hand, the display devices of the control devices 5 are connected with each other via a common communication line 6, and execute data communication by means of a common protocol.

In the foregoing arrangement, the display devices 3

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execute protocol conversion thereby enabling each control device 5 to communicate each other by means of a common protocol predetermined. Therefore, even in the case where the dedicated protocols of the control units 2 are different from each other, transfer of data between the control devices 5 is enabled without any difficulties. As a result, control units 2 using different communication protocols are allowed to exist in one control system, without problems.

Furthermore, the display devices 3 that have conventionally been used exclusively for display of control states are now used as center of data communication, and the display devices 3 execute protocol conversion between a dedicated protocol and a common protocol. Therefore, it becomes possible to use the control unit 2 exclusively for I/O control which is its own function, thereby enabling to reduce a load on the control unit 2.

Furthermore, if the display device 3α is capable of protocol conversion between a dedicated protocol for the control unit 2α connected with the display device 3α and the foregoing common protocol, data transfer is enabled between the foregoing control unit 2α and a control unit 2β via a display device 3β that corresponds to the control unit 2β , irrespective of the dedicated protocol

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of the control unit 2β . Therefore, communication protocols specific to the control units 2 that are innumerable need not be considered, while only communication by means of a dedicated protocol of a control unit 2 that can possibly be connected thereto, communication by means of the common protocol, and the protocol conversion between the two may be taken into consideration. Therefore, steps required in production (development) of software can be decreased.

Additionally, even in the case where a control device 5β including a control unit 2β that communicates by means of a new dedicated protocol is added in the control system 1, there is no need to alter another display device 3. Therefore, time and labor upon incorporating the control unit 2 in the control system 1 can be saved, whereby time and labor for management and maintenance of the whole control system 1 can be saved.

[Second Embodiment]

A control system 1a in accordance with the present embodiment that is arranged identical to the foregoing control system 1 is further arranged, as shown in Figure 2, so that a data processing device 7 is connected with the foregoing common communication line 6, to ensure transfer of data between the data processing device 7 and

the display devices 3 using the common protocol. This enables various operations such as centralized control by the host computer, and download of a protocol conversion procedure that will be described later.

In this arrangement as well, like in the foregoing control system 1, the data processing device 7 is capable of transfer of data to and from each control device 5 by communication using the common protocol alone. As a result, the data processing device 7 need not produce different sets of software for dedicated protocols respectively, and therefore, time and labor necessary for production of software can be reduced. Furthermore, even in the case where a new control device 5 is incorporated in the control system 1a, there is no need to alter the data processing device 7. Consequently, in spite of the provision of the data processing device 7 communicable with a certain control device 5, time and labor for development, management, and maintenance of the whole control system 1a can be saved.

[Third Embodiment]

The following description of the present embodiment will explain in more detail an arrangement of the display device 3 while referring to Figure 3. In the following description, a case where the arrangement of the present

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embodiment is applied to the control system 1a in accordance with the second embodiment is taken as an example, but the same effect can be achieved also in the case where it is applied to the control system 1 in accordance with the first embodiment.

Specifically, a display device 3b of a control system 1b in accordance with the present embodiment is provided with a dedicated protocol interface section (first data communication port) 11, a common protocol interface section (second data communication port) 12, a data processing section 13, and a display section 14. The dedicated protocol interface section 11 is connected, via a dedicated communication line 4, with a control unit 2 in which a dedicated protocol specific to the control unit 2 is specified beforehand. The common protocol interface section 12 is connected with a certain data processing device such as a data processing device 7 or another display device 3b, via a common communication line 6 for communication using a predetermined common protocol. The data processing section 13 processes data inputted/outputted via the protocol interface sections 11 and 12 according to a procedure set beforehand. The display section 14 executes display corresponding to information processed by the data processing section 13.

Furthermore, for example, the following is arranged:

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the protocol interface sections 11 and 12 execute communication using their own communication protocols, respectively, while a data format is converted by the data processing section 13 as required; consequently, data communication between the dedicated protocol interface 11 and the control unit 2 is executed using the dedicated protocol, and data communication between the common protocol interface section 12 and the data processing device 7 (another display device 3b) is executed using the common protocol.

Furthermore, the data processing section 13 is connected with an operating section 15 accepting an input from a user, such as a touch panel or a keyboard, so that instruction of data processing times and processing contents of the data processing section 13 can be inputted manually via the operating section 15.

Additionally, the display device 3b in accordance with the present embodiment is equipped with a data input section 16 for input of data from outside the display device 3b, such as a memory card reader, so that data and programs for processing the foregoing dedicated protocols (data for dedicated protocols) can be downloaded from outside the display device 3b. Incidentally, using the foregoing common protocol interface section 12 as the data input section 16, the foregoing data or programs may

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

to the target system 8; a memory unit 104 for storing various kinds of data; a computer-linked unit 105 enabling predetermined data communication with the programmable display device 3c. The foregoing CPU unit 101 always observes changing states of the input, output, and computer-linked units 102, 103, and 105 as input/output means. Upon recognition of changes in data such as input of new data, after applying necessary calculating operations thereto the CPU unit 101 can make access to a corresponding address on the memory unit 104 to rewrite contents and send data to the output unit 103.

Here, in the memory unit 104, a place for storing state data MD that are inputted/outputted directly to/from the target system 8 or used for control of the target system 8 is provided as to each control-target device 9 to be controlled or displayed, such as a passive member like a level meter or a limit switch provided on the target system 8, an active member like a relay or a motor, or a data setting member such as a counter or an inker. Further, a word device is appropriated to data to be inputted/outputted, in the case where the data are word data such as numerical values, while a bit device is appropriated for bit data such as on/off information. Each device has its own device name such as "X000", and by designating a device name, a place where the data are

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to be stored can be specified on the memory unit 104. Therefore, only by specifying and accessing a certain word or bit device in the memory unit 104 from inside or outside the PLC 2c, a corresponding part of the target system 8 can be controlled, or information relating to an operation state of the corresponding part can be individually taken out.

Incidentally, commonly applied as the PLC 2c is a PLC that has a passive data transmission function, like receiving a command sent from another data processing device such as the programmable display device 3c, and executes writing/reading of data corresponding to the command to/from the memory unit 104, or returning a command or data sent thereto without applying changes thereto, but needless to say, a substantially identical embodiment can be achieved in the case where the PLC has an active data transmission function.

On the other hand, the programmable display device 3c is, along with the foregoing PLC 2c, incorporated in an operation table of the target system 8, or alternatively it is independently provided, so as to be used as a control panel for the target system 8.

A programmable display device 3c in accordance with the present embodiment is, as shown in Figure 6 for example, arranged so that a display screen 112 of a

display 14c as the foregoing display section 14 is provided on a front side of a main body case 111 formed in a substantially rectangular shape, and a touch panel 15c as the foregoing operating section 15 is provided so as to closely adhere to the display screen. On the other hand inside the main body case 111, a display control circuit 113 shown in Figure 5 is housed. Note that in the present embodiment a liquid crystal display panel is used as the foregoing display 14c. Furthermore, needless to say, any one of various manual operating means such as a pointing device like a mouse or a key board may be used instead of, or in addition to, the touch panel 15c as the foregoing operating means.

A basic hardware arrangement of the foregoing display control circuit 113 is substantially identical to a generally-used personal computer device, and is connected as shown in Figure 5 via a bus line 114 with a CPU 115 and memories, a ROM 116, and a RAM 117, a touch panel controller 118 for controlling the foregoing touch panel 15c, and a graphic controller 119 for controlling the foregoing display 14c. The CPU 115 executes a predetermined calculating operation in accordance with a system program stored in the ROM 116. Results of calculations appropriately stored in the RAM 117 are developed into bit images on a video RAM 121 by the

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Furthermore, an example of data transfer between the PLC 2c and the programmable display device 3c in the control system 1c in accordance with the present embodiment is as follows: state data storing memories 17 and 32 that will be described later are provided in the programmable display device 3c and the PLC 2c, respectively, and they transfer data with each other so as to possess the same contents. By so doing, the PLC 2c and the programmable display device 3c are allowed to hold state data of substantially identical contents including the bit device or word device provided on the PLC 2c side, with a minimum time lag. Incidentally, for instance, the state data storing memory 17 is set as one region on the RAM 117 on the programmable display device 3c, while the state data storing memory 32 is set as one region on the memory unit 104.

Here, the programmable display device 3c, as shown in Figure 7(a), manages a screen in which one or a plurality of still pictures B or member pictures J1 is placed on a base screen, as a unit screen. The foregoing still picture B is a picture such as name plate whose display contents are not to be changed, while the foregoing member picture J1 is a picture with changes in

shape or color or flickering, such as a picture of a switch. Furthermore, the programmable display device 3c includes a plurality of unit screens for use of data processing, as well as it is arranged so that file numbers F are respectively allocated to unit screens, and that a screen displaying required operation contents can be obtained only by switching unit screens by designating a file number F.

More specifically, in the foregoing programmable display device 3c, as shown in Figure 5, an event data storing memory 122 that stores processing instruction words corresponding to the unit screens, respectively, is connected with the bus line 114. When one unit screen is selected, a processing instruction word W related to the selected unit screen is read intermittently at extremely short intervals. Such a processing instruction word W includes a set composed of a file number F, an event name N, and a reference information r, as shown in Figure 8(a): the file number F is indicative of a base screen to which a display control operation is to be applied; the event name N specifies an operation content to be executed on the base screen; and the reference information r is composed of one or a plurality of pieces of data that are referred to as to each event to be executed. The programmable display device 3c executes

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For instance, the processing instruction word WT that is to enable to invert the bit device set at a predetermined address position in the state data storing memory 32 in association of pressing instruction operations with respect to the touch panel 15 is as follows: as shown in Figure 8(b), the processing instruction word WT includes a file number F1 of the base screen, and an event name N1 specifying an operation of the touch panel 15c that starts with, for example, "T", and further include as the reference information r an input coordinates range X·Y making an input operation through the touch panel 15c valid and an address A at which data should be rewritten in association with pressing operations at the touch panel 15c.

Furthermore, the processing instruction word WL that is to enable to display a predetermined picture at a

Furthermore, as shown in Figure 7(a), upon setting processing instruction words WL1 and WT1 in the event data storing memory 122, the words WL1 and WT1 are set so that respective coordinates ranges X·Y of the words WL1 and WT1 coincide with each other, and that the respective reference addresses A thereof coincide with each other. Furthermore, a state of "0" of a bit device at the address A in the state data storing memory 17 is made to correspond to an OFF state of a switch beforehand, so that the PLC 2c executes an OFF operation with respect to the actual switch setting at the time to be controlled, when the bit device exhibits a state of "0". Furthermore, in the graphic data storing memory 119, data indicative of a member picture J1 corresponding to an OFF state of the switch are stored in association with a

Furthermore, as shown in Figure 7(a), upon setting processing instruction words WL1 and WT1 in the event data storing memory 122, the words WL1 and WT1 are set so that respective coordinates ranges X·Y of the words WL1 and WT1 coincide with each other, and that the respective reference addresses A thereof coincide with each other. Furthermore, a state of "0" of a bit device at the address A in the state data storing memory 17 is made to correspond to an OFF state of a switch beforehand, so that the PLC 2c executes an OFF operation with respect to the actual switch setting at the time to be controlled, when the bit device exhibits a state of "0". Furthermore, in the graphic data storing memory 119, data indicative of a member picture J1 corresponding to an OFF state of the switch are stored in association with a

reference file number FL1, and data indicative of a member picture J2 corresponding to an ON state thereof are stored in association with a reference file number FL2.

Here, as shown in Figure 7(a), in the case where a reference address A of the state data storing memory 17 is "0", a programmable display device 3c reads data indicative of the member picture corresponding to the OFF state of the switch, from the reference file numbered as FL1 of the graphic data storing memory 120 based on the processing instruction word WL1, and develops and displays the read data in the coordinates range X·Y on the base screen.

Upon pressing the switch-like member picture J1 on the touch panel 15c, the programmable display device 3c searches for a touch-panel-use processing instruction word WT in the event data storing memory 122, and judges, based on a coordinates instructed by the touch panel 15c, whether or not exists the processing instruction word WT including as coordinates information a range including the foregoing coordinates.

For instance, when a point in the coordinates range X·Y of the processing instruction word WT1 is pressed, the programmable display device 3c finds the processing instruction word WT1 and inverts the data value at the

This arrangement enables display on the display screen 112 by the PLC 2c that corresponds to a control state of the target system 8, data input by fingers through the touch panel 15c, as well as indirect control of the target system 8 by the PLC 2c.

Here, not only state data MD of the PLC 2c directly connected with the programmable display device 3c but also state data of the PLC 2c indirectly connected thereto via the common communication line 6 can be designated as the state data MD that are referred to by the foregoing processing instruction word W. For instance, information indicative of the PLC 2c or information indicative of the programmable display device

3c connected with the PLC 2c is added in the address A of the reference information r, based on which each control-target device 9 in the control system 1c may be distinguished. This allows all the PLCs 2c to be controlled in association with each other, via the programmable display device 3c.

The control system 1c substantially identical to that shown in Figure 3 is realized by the foregoing hardware arrangement, as shown in Figure 9. Here, as function blocks in the PLC 2c, a dedicated protocol interface section 31, a state data storing memory 32, and a data processing section 33 are provided. The dedicated protocol interface section 31 is realized by the foregoing computer-linked unit 105 and the like, for communication using the dedicated protocol specific to the PLC 2c. The state data storing memory 32 is realized as a region of the foregoing RAM 117, for storing state data MD including contents of a bit device or a word device set on the PLC 2c side. The data processing section 33 is realized by the CPU 115 executing a program stored in the ROM 116 or the like, for processing data inputted/outputted to/from the target system 8, the dedicated protocol interface, etc. Likewise, as function blocks in the host computer 7c, there are provided a screen display section 41 for executing screen display,

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a data processing section 42 for controlling the entirety of the host computer 7c, and a common protocol interface section 43 for communication with the common protocol.

The foregoing data processing section 42 of the host computer 7c carries out a predetermined data processing operation, and displays a result of the operation on the display screen of the screen display section 41. The data processing section 42 sends data to be transmitted to the common communication line 6 via the common protocol interface section 43. By so doing the data are transmitted on the common communication line 6 according to the common protocol.

On the other hand, the data processing section 33 of each PLC 2c inputs/outputs signals with respect to the control-target device 9 of the target system 8 in accordance with the program set beforehand, as well as stores data of contents corresponding to a control state at that time (state data MD) in the state data storing memory 32 set in the memory unit 104. Incidentally, an address in the state data storing memory 32 at which the data are stored is determined, for example, according to the control-target device 9 and the like. The state data MD changed are sent according to the dedicated protocol to the programmable display device 3c via the dedicated protocol interface section 31 of the PLC 2c and the

dedicated communication line 4, so as to be stored in the state data storing memory 17. Conversely, when data to change the state data MD in the PLC 2c are fed via the dedicated communication line 4 from the programmable display device 3c, a control operation corresponding to the changes in the data is carried out with respect to the control-target device 9.

Here, in the present embodiment, it is beforehand arranged that various kinds of data generated in the programmable display device 3c or taken into the programmable display device 3c from the PLC 2c are, automatically at uniform intervals, or appropriately in response to a command, fed to the host computer 7c, via the common communication line 6. This enables to minimize a memory capacity provided in each programmable display device 3c, and to manage data all together by building up a database of data sent from all the programmable display devices 3c.

Furthermore, it is also arranged that in each programmable display device 3c, necessary data can be retrieved from the host computer 7c at an appropriate timing and displayed on the display screen D of each programmable display device 3c, or utilized in the control operation of the PLC 2c. Furthermore, it is also arranged that information regarding all the control

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devices 5 can be obtained by the host computer 7c via any one of the display devices 3c.

Furthermore, in the present embodiment, to manage data for communication according to the dedicated protocols (protocol information) all together, a protocol database is built up in the host computer 7c with the protocol information suitable to the PLC 2c that could be connected with the programmable display devices 3c.

In the foregoing control system 1c, at an initial setting of the programmable display device 3c, the programmable display device 3c selects protocol information corresponding to the PLC 2c connected therewith from the protocol database stored in the host computer 7c, and downloads the same via the common communication line 6 according to the common protocol. This enables mutual data transmission between the programmable display device 3c and the PLC 2c according to the dedicated protocol of the PLC 2c.

Furthermore, the programmable display device 3c is set so that contents of data that the programmable display device 3c processes are specified by using the foregoing processing instruction word W and the processing instruction word W is stored in the event data storing memory 122, while the state data MD of the PLC 2c referred to according to each processing instruction word

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W are maintained in the state data storing memory 17.

Upon an end of the initial setting, a normal control operation is carried out. For instance, in the case where control of a second PLC 2c β is conducted using state data of a first PLC 2c α , a processing instruction word instructing as follows is set beforehand as the processing instruction word set for the second display device 3c β : the state data of the first PLC 2c α are referred to and the second PLC 2c β executes a control operation based on the foregoing state data.

In this state, when state data MD are sent to the first programmable display device 3c from the first PLC 2c α using the dedicated protocol thereof, the corresponding state data MD are updated in the state data storing memory 17 of the first programmable display device 3c α . The state data MD thus updated are sent to the state data storing memory 17 in the second programmable display device 3c β using the common protocol in response to a reading operation on the second programmable display device 3c β side .

Here, in the case where the processing instruction word W is set beforehand so that the updated state data MD are utilized in a control operation of the second PLC 2c β , the state data MD are further transferred to the second PLC 2c β , using the dedicated protocol. Thus, the

control operation of the second PLC 2c β is carried out based on the data of the first PLC 2c α .

Conversely, in the case where state data MD taken in by the second programmable display device 3c β are data to be processed by the foregoing programmable display device 3c β , the data are processed by the second programmable display device 3c β without being transferred to the second PLC 2c β . Then, display corresponding to the state data MD is executed on the display screen D of the display 14c.

Furthermore, in the case where data are sent from the host computer 7c to the first PLC 2c α so as to control the control-target device 9 connected with the foregoing PLC 2c α , data are produced by adding an address specifying the first PLC 2c α to the data to be transmitted, and are fed to the first programmable display device 3c α via the common communication line 6 according to the common protocol.

On the other hand, the programmable display device 3c α , like in the case where data are fed from another programmable display device 3c, judges whether the data fed thereto are data to be used by the programmable display device 3c α or data to be used by the first PLC 2c α . In the case where they are judged to be the data for the PLC 2c α , they are transmitted to the PLC 2c α

according to the dedicated protocol.

Thus, even in the case where the data communication protocols are dedicated for the PLCs 2c, respectively, and hence different from each other, state data MD corresponding to a control state in the PLCs 2c can be transferred via the programmable display device 3c between a plurality of the PLCs 2c or between the PLC 2c and the host computer 7c.

Incidentally, the description of the present embodiment thus takes as an example the case where the programmable display device 3c has the state data (MD) in itself at all times, that is, the case where the state data storing memories 17 and 32 are provided in the programmable display device 3c and the PLC 2c, respectively, and the programmable display device 3c accesses the PLC 2c side regularly at predetermined short intervals so that the data contents of the state data storing memories 17 and 32 should coincide with each other. As explained in the description of the embodiments below, however, the state data may be taken from the PLC side as required, upon occurrence of a specific event or the like, for example. In the case where the state data storing memories 17 and 32 are provided on both sides, respectively, however, what has to be done is only designation of the programmable

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display device 3c connected with the PLC 2c and an address in the state data storing memory 17 in the programmable display device 3c, and there is no need to specify a PLC 2c in a format of a counterpart code, etc.

[Fifth Embodiment]

The following description will explain in more detail a protocol converting operation by means of the foregoing display device 3, while referring to Figures 10 through 13. Incidentally, the members having the same structure (function) as those in the above-mentioned embodiments will be designated by the same reference numerals and their description will be omitted.

A display device 3d in accordance with the present embodiment is provided with a protocol converting section 13d and a protocol information storing section 18, in addition to the protocol interface sections 11 and 12 and the display section 14. The protocol converting section 13d executes protocol conversion between a dedicated protocol and a common protocol. The protocol information storing section 18 stores protocol information that is referred to upon protocol conversion.

In the present embodiment, protocol information is divided into (i) a conversion table that shows correspondence between information specific to the PLCs

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2c such as command data and information of the common protocol corresponding to the specific information, and (ii) a format of transfer information transferred to/from the PLC 2c (format information), and are stored in a conversion table storing section 18a and a format information storing section 18b, respectively. Incidentally, the storing sections 18 (18a and 18b) can be realized as regions on the RAM 117 shown in Figure 5, for instance.

More specifically, in a dedicated or common protocol used in a control system 1d in accordance with the present embodiment, a format in which information to be transferred is provided between a start code and an end code as shown in Figure 11, like a general asynchronous system data transfer format, is specified as a asynchronous system data transfer format C. Data transfer formats specified by PLC manufacturers, however, differ in not only start codes and end codes, but also contents of data contained in the transferred information and the order of data provided therein.

Here, in the present embodiment, a format Cr for data reading and a format Cw for data writing are specified as data transfer formats to be transferred via the common communication line 6. More specifically, in addition to a counterpart code for specifying a device to

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which data are transmitted (for instance, "A·B ...") and a common code (for instance, "01") for uniformly specifying a command to be executed (reading command), the data-reading-use format Cr further includes an address (for instance, "X0001") at which the reading should be started, and a size of data to be read, as relevant information attached to the common code. Furthermore, in addition to the counterpart code and the common code that instructs the data writing, the format Cw specified for data writing further includes an address at which the writing should be started, and data to be written as relevant information. The each of the formats Cr and Cw is expressed as data obtained by providing the included data in series with use of ASCII codes of sexadecimal notation.

Between commands having the same contents among commands comprehensible to each PLC 2c, the foregoing common codes are made uniform, irrespective of command codes at the dedicated communication lines 4 (command at each PLC 2c). Besides, for instance, an order of data of relevant information such as a reading start address and a reading data size in which the data are transmitted, and expression of data when the data are transmitted, are also made uniform irrespective of the dedicated protocols. This allows the common protocol to uniformly

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Here, since correspondence between a certain common code and a command code (specific code) at the dedicated communication line 4 in one PLC 2c differs from that of another PLC 2c, a conversion table in which each common code and a specific code of the PLC 2c currently connected corresponding to the foregoing common code are paired is formed, as shown in Figure 13. Therefore, the display device 3d can convert a common code to a specific code or vice versa, referring to the conversion table corresponding to the dedicated protocol. Furthermore, for instance, the dedicated protocol for protocol conversion can be changed by changing a conversion table used for protocol conversion from a conversion table TBL α for a dedicated protocol α to a conversion table TBL β for a dedicated protocol β .

On the other hand, as shown in Figure 12, the foregoing format information FMT is, among data streams Da transmitted via the dedicated communication line 4, a data stream on a skeleton in which portions that may change depending on contents of data to be actually transmitted, such as the contents of data to be read/written per se, a size of the data, or addresses for reading/writing are undefined, and only purposes of use

are defined regarding the undefined portions. Incidentally, if the regions for command are undefined, in the case where format information FMT extracted from data streams actually transmitted is common among a plurality of commands, the regions for the foregoing command may be undefined also, so that format information FMT common among these commands can be used.

The foregoing format information and conversion tables are stored in a protocol data base of the host computer 7c as the aforementioned protocol information corresponding to each dedicated protocol, while protocol information corresponding to the PLC 2c connected to the display device 3d is read upon initial setting of the display device 3d and is stored via the common communication line 6 in the foregoing conversion table storing section 18a and the format information storing section 18b.

In the foregoing arrangement, pieces of protocol information corresponding to respective dedicated protocols are individually provided as format information FMT and conversion tables. Therefore, by switching the protocol information depending on a type of an apparatus, data communication according to a particular dedicated protocol is enabled.

Here, the control system 1d in accordance with the

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present embodiment is characterized in that the data transfer format specified as common communication protocol as described above is used as often as possible at the reading/writing of data from/to the display device 3d to the PLC 2c, as well as at other occasions (for instance, upon display at the display device 3d, and upon setting of preset data). Consequently, operations except control, such as a displaying operation and an operation of setting preset data, need not be changed for each dedicated protocol. Therefore, steps in the processes of development, management, and maintenance of software can be decreased.

The following description will explain protocol conversion using the foregoing format information FMT and conversion table while referring to Figure 14. Incidentally, the control system 1d shown in Figure 14, unlike the control system 1c shown in Figure 9, adopts a method in which the state data storing memory is provided only in the PLC 2c and the display device 3d reads the state data MD from the state data storing memory 32 in the PLC 2c upon necessity, as another method for state data transfer between the PLC 2c and the display device 3d.

For instance, in the case where the second PLC 2d α is caused to execute a control operation by utilizing a

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change in the state data MD in the first PLC 2c α , the second display device 3d α is set so as to refer to the state data MD of the first PLC 2c α in response to a processing instruction word set in the second display device 3d α , and the second PLC 2c β is set so as to execute a control operation based on the state data MD.

In this state, via the common communication line 6, a data reading command is launched in the data-reading-use data transfer format Cr shown in Figure 11 to the first PLC 2c α , the protocol converting section 13d of the first display device 3d α refers to the conversion table storing section 18a, to convert the common code in the transferred information to a specific code. Further, the protocol converting section 13d refers to the format information storing section 18b, to apply necessary data such as a specific code, an address, a size, etc. to undefined portions of the format information FMT, thereby converting the same into a dedicated format. Thereafter, the data are transferred to the first PLC 2c α via the dedicated communication line 4. Incidentally, as to an address and a size of data transmitted according to the dedicated protocol, expression formats (for instance, a bit width), if different from that of the common protocol, are converted by a predetermined procedure.

The first PLC 2c α receiving the data analyzes

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contents of the data, and retrieves necessary data from the state data storing memory 32. Thereafter, necessary data are sent from the first PLC 2c α to the first display device 3d α according to the dedicated communication protocol.

On the other hand, the first display device 3d α analyzes contents of the received data, referring to the conversion table storing section 18a and the format information storing section 18b. In the case where the data are judged to be the data last time requested for reading and further in the case where a processing instruction word W is beforehand set in the data so as to be used in a control operation of the second PLC 2c β , the first display device 3d designates the second PLC 2c β as the counterpart code, and sends the same to the second display device 3d β by using the common protocol. Thus, an operation of controlling the second PLC 2c β based on the first PLC 2c α is executed.

Incidentally, the data sent to the second display device 3d β are to be processed only by the display device 3d β , the data are processed in the second display device 3d β without being transferred to the second PLC 2c β , and display corresponding to the display screen D of the display section 14 is executed.

Furthermore, in the case where data are transferred

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Prior to protocol conversion of the foregoing display device, the dedicated protocol subjected to conversion has to be selected according to a control unit (PLC). This selection of the dedicated protocol may be carried out beforehand by the user of the display device. However, to save labor and time for setting and to prevent errors in setting, a dedicated protocol is preferably selected automatically by the display device. The following description will explain a display device 3e capable of automatically selecting a dedicated protocol, while referring to Figures 15 through 17. In the following description, for conveniences' sake, a case where dedicated protocols of PLCs that can possibly be connected with the display device are four kinds, " α , $\alpha 2$, β , and γ " is taken as an example, but the number can be appropriately increased or decreased, needless to say.

More specifically, as shown in Figure 15, a display device 3e in accordance with the present embodiment is provided with a protocol determining data storing section 18c for storing a correspondence table for dedicated protocol determination use, in addition to the arrangement of the display device 3d shown in Figure 10.

The correspondence table is a table in which response codes upon issuance of predetermined protocol-determination-use commands (for instance, "00") are

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listed up with respect to dedicated protocols, as shown in Figure 16(a). Selected as the protocol-determination-use commands are commands such that response data as different as possible from each other can be obtained so as to correspond to differences between the communication protocols. Here, as shown in the correspondence table of Figure 16(a), the same response codes are returned like the cases of the dedicated protocols α and $\alpha 2$. In this case, another determination-use command (for instance, "01") is set, and a table of correspondences between the dedicated protocols and response data is prepared as shown in Figure 16(b), so that determination of a dedicated protocol should be ensured according to a combination of a response code with each protocol-determination-use command.

In the foregoing arrangement, actuation of the system at a step 1 (ST1) in the flowchart shown in Figure 17 is followed by a communication protocol determination process that starts at a step 2. In this process, first of all, at the step 2, a protocol determination command like "00" is fed from the display device 3e to the PLC 2c.

At a step 3, in the case where there is no response from the PLC 2c, it is determined that data communication per se with the PLC 2c is not established. Then, in the

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case where it is determined that all the protocols have been checked at a step 4, it is determined that the PLC 2c is not connected or that its protocol is a protocol other than the prepared ones, and the operation proceeds to a step 5, where the determining operation ends. On the other hand, in the case where it is determined at the step 4 that there remains a protocol to be checked next, a protocol applied at a step 6 is changed, and the flow returns to the step 2 so that the aforementioned processing operation should be repeated. Incidentally, each protocol is selected in correspondence to the PLC 2c that can possibly be connected with the display device, and it is prepared beforehand in a form like protocol information stored in the protocol information storing section 18. The protocol information is, for instance, downloaded at the initial setting stage, from a protocol data base stored in the data processing device 7, or the like.

Furthermore, confirmation of a response from the PLC 2c at the step 3 is followed by the proceeding to a step 7 where a correspondence table regarding to a protocol determination command sent, among the correspondence tables stored in the protocol information storing section 18, is referred to, and a protocol corresponding to the response code is determined. For instance, in the

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correspondence table shown in Figure 16(a), the communication protocol is determined to be " β " in the case where the response code is "20", while the protocol is determined to be " γ " in the case where the response code is "30". Therefore, after the communication protocol to be used is confirmed at the step 8, a normal data processing operation at a step 10 is maintained.

In the case where the response code confirmed at the step 7 is "10", the communication protocol can possibly be " α " or " $\alpha 2$ ", and hence cannot be determined. Therefore, this is followed by return to the step 1, where the determination command is changed to "01" and an identical determining operation is carried out. In this case, as shown in Figure 16(b), the protocol is determined to be " α " in the case where the response code is "01", while the protocol is determined to be " $\alpha 2$ " in the case where the response code is "02". In the case where the response code is anything other than those, the communication protocol is determined to be something other than those prepared.

Furthermore, in the case where a communication error occurs at the step 9 during a normal data processing operation, it is presumed that a changing operation such that the PLC 2c connected to the display device 3e is changed to another took place. In such a case, the flow

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returns to the communication protocol determining process that starts with the step 2, in which a communication protocol suitable to the PLC 2c is automatically set. This enables to complete the communication protocol setting operation, without an initial setting operation in a state in which the display device 3e is suspended.

[Seventh Embodiment]

The following description of the present embodiment will explain an arrangement of a host computer 7f of a control system 1f in more detail, while referring to Figure 18. A host computer 7f for control use includes a common protocol interface section 51 for communication with the common network 6, various processing sections 52, and a server section 53. The processing sections 52 include user processing sections 52a through 52c for display or control of the state of the target system 8 of the host computer 7f, and a setting section 52d for executing the setting of the whole control system 1f. The server section 53 is provided between the processing section 52 and the common protocol interface section 51, so as to control the common protocol interface section 51, in response to a request from the processing sections 52, or the like. Furthermore, in the server section 53, in addition to a data processing section 55 that controls

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the common protocol interface section 51 so as to cyclically store data from each PLC 2c to a storing section 54, there are provided a DDE server section 56, a function processing section 57, and a function simple-processing section 58, so that the data processing section 55 and the various processing section 52 communicate each other through a plurality of procedures.

The foregoing DDE server section 56 can function as a server for dynamic data exchange (DDE) defined by an operating system. Therefore, in the case where the processing section 52 is a user processing section 52a capable of operating as a DDE client, the user processing section 52a and the DDE server section 56 can transmit data mutually without troubles.

Thus, since the server section 53 in accordance with the present embodiment is provided with the DDE server 56, the processing sections 52 conventionally used are applicable for the foregoing purpose as long as the processing sections 52 are capable of functioning as clients in DDE. Incidentally, in the case where the control system 1f has been used since before, the processing sections 52 are often specialized for the control system 1f each, and it is often bothersome to produce new processing sections 52. Besides, the processing sections 52 are often arranged so as to

transmit data through a procedure defined by the operating system of the host computer 7f, such as DDE, so as to be associated with another application that operates on the operating system of the host computer 7f. Therefore, in many cases, the conventional processing sections 52 can be applied without troubles.

Furthermore, since the foregoing DDE is defined by the operating system, relatively many applications that are available in the market can operate as DDE clients. Therefore, conventionally, even in the case where the processing sections 52 are not used, a user processing section 52a can be relatively easily prepared by using these applications.

Furthermore, as described above, each display device 3f and the host computer 7f communicate mutually according to the common protocol, irrespective of a type of the PLC 2c connected with the display device 3f. Therefore, when the PLC 2c connected with the display device 3f is changed or when a newly developed PLC 2c is connected thereto, the foregoing DDE server section 56 need not change its operation. Consequently, time and labor for developing programs of the host computer 7f can be drastically saved as compared with the case where different DDE server sections 56 are prepared for each PLC 2c as conventionally, and therefore, time and labor

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can be saved upon incorporation of a new PLC 2c to the control system 1f.

Incidentally, the foregoing DDE is a procedure defined by the operating system for dynamic data exchange between various applications, and is not necessarily optimized for control of the control-target devices 9. In result, in the case where the data exchange with the processing sections 52 is limited to DDE, the processing rate can possibly decrease, and some processing operations cannot be executed. Consequently, the server section 53 in accordance with the present embodiment is provided with the function processing section 57 and the function simple-processing section 58, for exchange of data with the processing sections 52 by a procedure other than DDE.

The foregoing function processing sections 57 and 58 are interfaces between the foregoing data processing section 55 and the processing sections 52 that require a processing operation that cannot be executed or whose processing rate is insufficient in the case of data exchange by DDE, such as the user processing section 52b or 52c that executes higher-level processing operations as compared with the user processing section 52a, or the setting section 52d that executes the setting of the whole control system 1f. For instance, the function

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processing sections 57 and 58 can be realized as DLL (dynamic link library) in Windows as the operating system of Microsoft Co. Among the function processing sections 57 and 58, the function processing section 57 includes as recallable functions all the functions that the data processing section 55 can possibly be requested to do by the processing sections 52, such as all the settings conducted by the setting section 52d, display and control of data from the control-target devices 9, the PLCs 2c, and the display devices 3f, etc. Incidentally, the foregoing settings include the setting upon incorporation of a display device 3f into the common network 6, the setting of each PLC 2c connected with each display device 3f, and the setting of relationship between the control-target devices 9 and device addresses. Thus, the processing sections 52 can control all the functions of the data processing section 55 by recalling each function of the function processing section 57.

For instance, in the case of a function for reading data from a control-target device 9, an IP address of a display device 3f, a name of the control-target device 9, etc. are given as arguments, while success/failure of the reading, data read out, etc. are returned as returned values, like in the DDE case. The function is optimized for data reading from the control-target device 9, unlike

the DDE case. Therefore, an amount of data transmitted from the processing sections 52 to the data processing section 55 or processed therein upon reading of data can be decreased. Furthermore, the link setting is unnecessary. Therefore, in the case of an identical processing operation, the processing rate can be improved, as compared with the DDE case. Furthermore, in the case where an optimal procedure is different even with respect to a similar processing operation, functions are prepared for respective processing operations so that the processing operations can be carried out through the optimal procedures, respectively. Therefore, by selecting and using an optimal function for each processing operation, the processing rate can be improved as compared with the later-described case where the function simple-processing section 78 is utilized. Furthermore, processing operations such as settings of various kinds and transmission of data at specified timings, which cannot be defined by DDE, can be realized.

On the other hand, in the function simple-processing section 58, there are provided, among the functions prepared by the function processing section 57, only functions that can be used relatively easily and that cannot be executed at a sufficient speed by DDE. Functions satisfying the foregoing requirements include

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a function for reading data from a PLC 2c via a display device 3f, and a function for writing data from a PLC 2c via a display device 3f. These functions do not provide return values before the writing and reading operations are completed, whereby control is not returned to the processing sections 52. Incidentally, in the present embodiment, the functions are realized by recall of functions in the function processing section 57 by the function simple-processing section 58, but the function simple-processing section 58 may control the data processing section 55 directly.

Thus, as to the function simple-processing section 58, the number of functions prepared, the number of arguments, and the timings for return of control to the processing sections 52 as recalled are further limited, as compared with the case of the function processing section 57. Therefore, use of only the functions of the function simple-processing section 58 in producing the user processing section 52b enables to save time and labor for selecting optimal functions from among similar functions, time and labor for conducting the setting of arguments and the initial setting in order to use optimal functions, and time and labor for considering timings of control. Consequently, though the processing rate is higher than in the DDE case, the user processing section

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52b can be created relatively easily.

Here, since the host computer 7f communicates according to the common protocol, the foregoing function processing section 57 or the function simple-processing section 58 need not change its operation, even in the case where the PLC 2c connected to the display device 3f is changed or in the case where a newly developed PLC 2c is connected thereto. Consequently, time and labor for developing a program of the host computer 7f can be drastically saved, as compared with the case where different function processing sections 57 and different function simple-processing sections 58 are prepared for each PLC 2c. Therefore, time and labor required upon incorporation of a new PLC 2c in the control system 1f can be saved.

Additionally, the server section 53 in accordance with the present embodiment is equipped with the two function processing sections 57 and 58 whose degrees of difficulty in recalling differ from each other. Therefore, the developer of the server section 53 is allowed to recommend use of the function processing section 57 or use of the function simple-processing section 58 depending on respective expertise of the developers of the processing sections 52 and respective necessary functions of the processing sections 52.

Consequently, errors of the control system 1f caused by a mistake of the developers of the processing sections 52 can be prevented more surely, as compared with the case where only the function processing section 57 is provided, in spite of that more complex or higher-speed processing is possible as compared with the case where only the function simple-processing section 58 is provided. Incidentally, the present embodiment is explained by taking as an example the case where there are two different degrees of difficulty of the function processing sections, but a plurality of function processing sections with different degrees of difficulty may be provided so that the same effect can be achieved.

Furthermore, in the foregoing embodiment, there is provided the DDE server section 56 that is capable of recalling data through a simpler procedure than those of the function processing sections 57 and 58, and data can be exchanged to some extent without development of the processing sections 52. Therefore, errors upon development of the processing sections 52 can be further reduced, whereby errors in operations of the control system 1f can be prevented.

[Eighth Embodiment]

Incidentally, the foregoing first through seventh

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calculation, and further, analysis, of the foregoing control output, as well as they are subjected to image display by means of corresponding display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$. Thus, the foregoing control device controls manufacturing devices, manufacturing lines, etc.

Incidentally, in the example shown in Figure 19, three PLCs with reference codes $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ are provided, but needless to say, one, or two, or not less than four PLCs may be provided, and a plurality of the host computers $7g$ may be provided. In the example shown in Figure 19, control-target devices $9a$ and sensors $9b$ corresponding to the PLCs $2c\beta$ and $2c\gamma$ are omitted for simplification of the drawing.

The PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ are connected to the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ corresponding thereto with use of connection cables $4g\alpha$, $4g\beta$, and $4g\gamma$ as the foregoing dedicated communication lines, respectively, so that data transmission should be carried out according to dedicated protocols α , β , and γ , that are predetermined according to manufacturers and versions of the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$.

What should be noted is that the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ in accordance with the present embodiment are provided between the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ and the host computer $7g$, respectively, unlike in the

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conventional cases. The display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ have been developed as personal-computer-applied devices that are therefore capable of easily executing communication with general-use personal computers according to a general-use protocol δ . On the other hand, the dedicated protocols α , β , and γ have been developed with respect to the corresponding to the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$, respectively, to which the display devices are necessarily connected.

Therefore, the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ that are connected with the host computer 7g via the common communication line 6 realized by a network circuit such as Eathernet (registered trademark), and a common protocol, such as a protocol for the TCP/IP, is used as the protocol for the above communication. Thus, protocol conversion between the protocol δ and the protocols α , β , and γ is performed by the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$, respectively.

The common communication line 6 is connectable, for maintenance or the like, with an external host 10 provided at a distance, for example, at manufacturers of the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$, respectively, via routers or public telephone lines.

In the host computer 7g, a network file 62 composed of node information concerning which node is connected

with what type of a display device, symbol names of control-target devices and sensors connected with the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$, is formed beforehand by a setting section 61, and respective control outputs to the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ are transmitted to the common communication line 6 via a common protocol interface section 64 from an application section 63, with reference to the network file 62. The control outputs are transmitted to the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ via the display devices $3f\alpha$, $3f\beta$, and $3f\gamma$, respectively, so as to cause the control-target apparatus 9a to be subjected to control in response to the control outputs. Further, when a control state such as a detection result of the sensor 9b is sent out from each display device $3f$, the data are returned to the application section 63 via the common protocol interface section 64, so as to be used in the display, calculation and analysis of control outputs.

Furthermore, in the host computer 7g, image data of images displayed on display screens of the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$, conversion data for conversion between the protocols α , β , and γ and the common protocol δ , etc. are registered beforehand in a data file 65. The image data are fed to a display device necessitating the same via the common protocol interface section 64, upon maintenance such as a change to a product to be processed

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or an order of processing. The conversion data are fed to a display device necessitating the same via the common protocol interface section 64, upon maintenance such as a change to a PLC to be connected with the common communication line 6.

In response to this, each display device 3g (3g α , 3g β , and 3g γ) is composed of a dedicated protocol interface section 11 connected with the PLC 2c, a common protocol interface section 12 connected with the host computer 7g, a protocol conversion circuit 13g for mutual conversion of the protocols, a display panel 14g as the display section 14, an input section 15g, and an image memory 19. Command data are attached to the foregoing control output or image data as will be described later, so that the common protocol interface section 12 along with the protocol conversion section 13g executes protocol conversion in the case where the command data are a control output, or writes the data into the image memory 19 in the case where the data are image data. Upon completion of updating of the image memory 19, displayed contents on the display panel 14g are updated. The image memory 19 stores, for example, invariable characters and image data such as a background screen illustrating manufacturing lines with names of control-target devices and units attached thereto. Variable data

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communication line 6 is Eathernet.

More specifically, the protocol δ on the common communication line 6 side is arranged so that normal main data following to header data D1 and D2 are divided into command data D31 and main data D32. The command data D31 represent a command such as writing or reading, and at the same time, in the present embodiment, they also indicate whether it is normal data communication between the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ and the host computer 7g, or it is a downloading operation of image data from the host computer 7g to the image memories 19 in the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$.

Each of the protocols α , β , and γ on the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ sides is composed of, following to a header d1, command data d2, address data d3, main data d4, and end data d5. The main data D32 are composed of address data d3 of the foregoing control-target devices 9a and sensors 9c, etc., and main data d4 representing numerical values and ON/OFF information.

The common protocol interface section 12 and the protocol conversion section 13g constitute a 2-way driver that executes communication with the host computer 7g as well as communication with the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$, and conducts protocol conversion of data inputted/outputted by using protocol conversion data

supplied from the foregoing data file 65 at real time.

Such protocol conversion can be conducted by using conversion tables for conversion between the foregoing protocol δ common on the common communication line 6 and the respective protocols α , β , and γ dedicated for the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$, conversion functions, etc., and such tables or functions are stored beforehand in the aforementioned data file 25, so as to be selected upon creation of the network file 62 for the setting of types of the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ that are respectively connected with the aforementioned nodes, and to be set in the protocol conversion section 13g.

Figure 21 is a timing chart for explaining a downloading operation of image data from the host computer 7g or the external host 10 to the image memories 19 of the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$. At a step s1, the host side conducts a node search for searching which node is connected with what type of a display device, and at a step s2 the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ successively respond thereto, along with status information including indication of the nodes connected therewith, as well as their types.

At a step s3, image-data-transmission start data are fed from the host side, and at a step s4, acknowledge is returned from the display side. Then, at a step s5,

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actual transmission of image data is started. Upon completion of transmission of one packet of image data at the step s5, acknowledge is returned from the display side as shown at a step s6 in the figure. Then, upon completion of downloading of a predetermined amount of display data, that is, an entirety or a part of the image data of one display screen, image-data-transmission end data are supplied from the host side as shown by a step s7. Then, upon return of acknowledge from the display side at a step s8, transmission of image data ends.

As described above, in the present embodiment, unlike in conventional cases, display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ that excel in computation and that have high applicability to data communication are provided between the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ and the host computer 7g or the external host 10. Therefore, it is possible to transmit control outputs from the host computer 7g, control state data from the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$, etc. without difficulties via the display devices to the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ and the host computer 7g. On the other hand, since it is possible to download image data directly to the image memory 19 via the common communication line 6 from the host computer 7g or the external host 10, there is no need to carry out complex operations each time a product or a producing method is

changed, such as an operation of taking a personal computer or the like for the downloading use into a manufacturing site, changing the wire connection, and downloading the data. Thus, it is possible to extremely improve the workability.

Furthermore, there is no need to temporarily stop the functions of the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ upon downloading, for example, to once turn the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ into offline states, then download data, and thereafter again turn them into online states. Moreover, since it is possible to successively download data to the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$ without changing the wire connection as described above, a time while the line is stopped can be extremely decreased.

Furthermore, since protocol conversion between the dedicated protocols α , β , and γ and the common protocol δ is performed by the display devices $3g\alpha$, $3g\beta$, and $3g\gamma$, respective programs with different protocols dedicated for the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$ need not be provided on the host computer 7g side, and a program can be produced with the common protocol δ . Thus, steps for producing a program can be drastically simplified.

[Ninth Embodiment]

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The following description of an embodiment of the present invention will explain another example of data transmitted through the common communication line 6, referring to Figures 22 and 23(a) through 23(g). In the example, preset data that are set beforehand in the control unit 2 and/or the display devices 3, like initial values or application programs, are transmitted.

Figure 22 is a block diagram illustrating a functional arrangement of a control device in accordance with another embodiment of the present invention that is similar to the arrangement shown in Figure 19 described above, in which the members having the same structure (function) as those in the above-mentioned embodiments will be designated by the same reference numerals and their description will be omitted. In the present embodiment, a memory 20 is provided in each of the display devices $3h\alpha$, $3h\beta$, and $3h\gamma$. In the memory 20, like the image memory 19, data are installed by downloading the same from the host computer 7g. The data thus installed are preset data such application programs or initial values, for example, and may be preset data for the display devices $3h\alpha$, $3h\beta$, and $3h\gamma$, or may be preset data for the PLCs $2c\alpha$, $2c\beta$, and $2c\gamma$.

In the case where preset data are downloaded, preset data are transmitted according to the common protocol δ

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via the common communication line 6 from the host computer 7g, and the common protocol interface section 12 determines based on the aforementioned command data that the data are preset data to be installed, and causes the data to be stored in the memory 20. In the case where the preset data thus stored are data for the PLCs 2c α , 2c β , and 2c γ , the display devices 3h α , 3h β , and 3h γ output commands for stop of operations to the PLCs 2c α , 2c β , and 2c γ , and thereafter, the preset data thus stored are successively subjected to protocol conversion by the common protocol interface section 12 and the protocol conversion section 13h, and are transmitted to the PLCs 2c α , 2c β , and 2c γ . Upon completion of the transmission, a command for resumption of operations is outputted thereto.

Figures 23(a) through 23(g) are views illustrating an example of a data format of data to be downloaded to the display devices 3h α , 3h β , and 3h γ . Figure 23(a) illustrates the main data D32 in Figure 20, which in the present embodiment are further divided into a header D321 and data D322. The header D321 is composed of type data D3211 and number data D3212. The foregoing type data D3211 represent a rough classification regarding which type of data the data D322 following thereto are, the foregoing image data, the system setting data, or other

data. The number data D3212 represent a specific classification regarding where the data D322 following thereto are ranked, among the foregoing types of data.

For example, in Figure 23(c), "B" as the type data D3211 indicates that data are image data, and "000" as the number data D3212 indicates that the data are image data upon processing a product A. In Figure 23(d), the data are also image data, and "001" as the number data D3212 indicates that the data are image data upon processing a product B.

In Figure 23(e), "S" as the type data D3211 indicates that the data are system setting data for the display devices $3h\alpha$, $3h\beta$, and $3h\gamma$, and "100" as the number data D3212 indicates that the data are data for conversion between the dedicated protocols α , β , and γ and the common protocol δ . In Figure 23(f), the data are also system setting data, and "201" as the number data D3212 indicates that the data are a data providing time table that specifies timings of data transmission from the display devices $3h\alpha$, $3h\beta$, and $3h\gamma$ to the host computer 7g. In Figure 23(g), the data are also system setting data, and "202" as the number data D3212 indicates that the data are a status format such as a bit length, presence/absence of codes, etc. upon data transmission from the display devices $3h\alpha$, $3h\beta$, and $3h\gamma$

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to the host computer 7g.

Incidentally, such classification as above of data may be performed along with the classification according to the foregoing command data D31, or alternatively, either of them may be performed.

The foregoing operation for downloading preset data can be carried out in a manner similar to that shown in Figure 21, by transmitting preset-data-transmission start data at the step s3 and transmitting preset-data-transmission end data at the step s7 from the host side in Figure 21.

Thus, not only the foregoing image data, but also a relatively large amount of preset data produced on the host computer 7g side with use of various application programs upon a change of a product produced or a drastic change in processing data can be downloaded to the display devices 3h α , 3h β , and 3h γ and/or the PLCs 2c α , 2c β , and 2c γ . In the downloading of data to the PLCs 2c α , 2c β , and 2c γ particularly, complex works such as connection of a personal computer become unnecessary, and the workability can be extremely improved, while a time while a line is stopped can be shortened.

Furthermore, since the preset data for each of the PLCs 2c α , 2c β , and 2c γ can be produced according to the common protocol δ , steps required for producing data can

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be remarkably simplified. Furthermore, in the case where many PLCs are connected to the common communication line 6 in large-scale manufacturing lines or the like, traffic increases and loads on communication also increase. Therefore, if the PLCs are directly connected to the network circuit 503 as conventionally, the foregoing downloading operation is difficult to be carried out. Conversely, it can be carried out without troubles by providing display devices with high data communication applicability as in the present invention.

Incidentally, in the foregoing descriptions, the case where protocol information is downloaded from the host computer (7c, 7g, data processing device 7) is explained, but in stead of, or in addition to, the downloading of protocol information from the host computer, means for reading/writing data with respect to a memory card may be provided so that information may be downloaded from the memory card, or information may be downloaded from a loader at appropriate timings such as production of a display screen, or alternatively, a plurality of kinds of communication protocols may be prepared in a ROM beforehand so that a necessary communication protocol may be selected. However, since new dedicated protocols are developed in not a few cases, a display device is preferably provided so that protocol

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in information can be downloaded thereto from outside. Incidentally, in the case where a protocol dedicated for a control unit connected to a display device is invariable, it may be fixed in a ROM beforehand.

Furthermore, in the foregoing embodiment, the display devices (3, 3a through 3h) and the host computer are connected mutually via the generally used communication protocol, but alternatively a dedicated communication protocol that is common to all the display devices but is specialized only for these display devices is applicable. Furthermore, each display device may be equipped with data input/output means like a video camera in addition to a PLC (2c, control unit 2), so that various kinds of data such as video data can be transmitted via the display devices and the common communication line (6).

Furthermore, it is possible to arrange that a plurality of PLCs are connectable with the dedicated communication line (4) and data transmission is carried out with one display device involved. Furthermore, shown as an example is a case where a type of a PLC (2c, control unit 2) to access is specified and reading/writing of data is carried out with a specific address designated for the PLC, but alternatively the following arrangement may be taken: as to address also,

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address display common for all the PLCs is set beforehand, and address display expressed in a manner dedicated for each PLC and a conversion table is prepared. In the latter case, it is possible to make a program without a type of PLC to access taken into consideration, whereby the applicability of the program is improved.

Incidentally, in the foregoing embodiments, a control system including a display device and a control unit is taken as an example in explanation, but the present invention is not limited to this arrangement. The present invention is widely applicable to a system including first data processing means (control unit 2) having its own dedicated communication protocol, second data processing means (display device 5, data processing device 7) having a common communication protocol such as a personal-computer-applied device, and data processing means (display device 3) provided between the foregoing two, making mutual transfer of data possible.

The invention being thus described, it will be obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the

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following claims.

Industrial Applicability

As described above, in a control system in accordance with the present invention, a display device, which has conventionally been used exclusively for display of a control state, is applied as center of data communication. This allows a control unit (2, PLC 2c) that has conventionally been used in data communication as well is now used exclusively for its own purpose, that is, I/O control, thereby reducing loads on the control unit. Furthermore, the display device side or the host computer side connected with the display device need not consider innumerable communication protocols of the control units. This ensures a decrease in the number of steps of software necessary for development, management, and maintenance of a control system.

Furthermore, according to a data transmission method in accordance with the present invention, data are transmitted to a first data processing device (2, 2c) like a PLC according to a communication protocol (dedicated protocol) dependent on the first data processing device as conventionally, while data are transmitted to a second data processing device (5, 7) other than the foregoing devices according to a common

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communication protocol that is common to all the second data processing devices. Furthermore, not a communication code (program) dedicated for each device but a conversion table is provided for each device, so that data to be transmitted to the first data processing device are produced at real time by using the conversion table during an operation of the system. This ensures a decrease in the number of steps of software like the foregoing control system, while it also ensures immediate response to a change of the first data processing device without stopping the system.

Furthermore, a dedicated protocol is determined in the following manner: before data transmission with the first data processing device (2, 2c) according to a dedicated protocol, predetermined data are sent and the dedicated protocol is determined based on a response to the foregoing predetermined data from the first data processing device. This ensures reduction of time and labor in setting, as compared with the case where the user determines the dedicated protocol, thereby enabling prevention of errors in the setting.

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CLAIMS

1. A control system (1) including a plurality of control devices (5), each control device (5) including a control unit (2) and a display device (3) connected with said control unit (2) via a dedicated communication line (4) and being capable of display corresponding to a control state of said control unit, said control system (1) being capable of transmitting data between said control devices (5), wherein:

data are transmitted between said control unit (2) and said display device (3) according to a dedicated protocol specialized for said control unit (2); and

all of said display devices (3) in said control devices (5) are connected with each other via a common communication line (6), and data are transmitted between said display devices (3) according to a common protocol.

2. A control system (1a) as set forth in claim 1, wherein:

a data processing device (7) is connected to said common communication line (6); and

data are transmitted between said data processing device (7) and each display device (3) according to the common protocol.

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3. A control system (1c) as set forth in claim 2, wherein:

said control unit (2) is a programmable logic controller (2c) capable of performing a predetermined control operation by means of a program incorporated;

said display device (3) is a programmable display device (3c) capable of conducting display corresponding to control data of said control unit (2c); and

said data processing device (7) is a generally-used computer device (7c).

4. The control system (1) as set forth in claim 1, wherein:

said display device (3) forms a display by providing on one unit screen one or a plurality of processing instruction words (W) each defining a unit data processing operation, and effects the processing instruction word (W) at predetermined intervals, thereby enabling a predetermined display control operation;

the processing instruction word (W) causes addresses for storage of state data (MD) in all of said control devices (5) to be designatable as reference information (r), while in said display device (3) at which the processing instruction word (W) is effected, necessary data are sent via said common communication line (6)

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according to the common protocol to said display device (3) connected with said control device (5) designated as the reference information (r); and

said display device (3) having received the data cause necessary data to be transmittable to said control unit (2) connected therewith, according to protocol dedicated for said control unit (2) via dedicated communication line (4).

5. A display device (3b), comprising:

a first data communication port (11) connected with a control unit (2) having a predetermined dedicated communication protocol specialized for said control unit (2) itself;

a second data communication port (12) connected with a certain data processing device (5, 7);

a data processing section (13) that processes data inputted and outputted through said first and second data communication ports (11, 12), in accordance with a procedure set beforehand; and

a display section (14) that provides a display corresponding to information processed by said data processing section (13),

wherein:

said display device executes data communication with

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said display device executes data communication with
said data processing device (5, 7) according to the
common communication protocol.

7. A display device (3b) as set forth in claim 5,
further comprising:

8. A display device (3c) as set forth in claim 5,
wherein:

said control unit (2) connected to said first data communication port (11) is a programmable logic controller (2c) capable of performing a predetermined control operation by means of a program incorporated; and

said data processing device (5, 7) connected with said second data communication port (12) is a programmable display device (5) arranged substantially identically to said display device, said first data communication port of said programmable display device also being connected with a programmable logic controller (2c).

9. The display device (3c) as set forth in claim 8, wherein:

said data processing section (13) enabling a predetermined display control operation on said display section (14) by forming a display by providing one or a plurality of processing instruction words (W) each defining a unit data processing operation on one unit screen, and by effecting the processing instruction word (W) at predetermined intervals;

the processing instruction word (W) causes addresses for storage of state data (MD) in all of said programmable logic controllers (2c) to be designatable as reference information (r), while in each data processing section (13) at which the processing instruction word (W) is effected, necessary data are sent via said second data communication port (12) according to the common protocol to said display device (3c) connected with said

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programmable logic controller (2c) designated as the reference information (r); and

said display device (3c) having received the data causes necessary data to be transmittable to said programmable logic controller (2c) connected therewith, according to a protocol dedicated for said programmable logic controller (2c) via said first data communication port (9).

10. A display device (3d) as set forth in claim 5, further comprising:

a conversion table storing section (18a) that stores a conversion table showing correspondence between special information of said programmable logic controller (2c) that is extracted from the dedicated protocol on one hand and common information transmitted according to the common protocol on the other hand,

wherein said data processing section converts the common information received from said common communication line (6), into the special information, referring to said conversion table.

11. A display device (3d) as set forth in claim 10, further comprising:

a format information storing section (18b) for

storing a data transfer format of transfer information transmitted according to the dedicated protocol,

wherein said data processing section produces the transfer information by substituting the converted special information for an undefined portion of the data transfer format.

12. The display device (3b) as set forth in claim 5, wherein:

said display section (14) and said data processing section (13) are provided in one case.

13. A display device (3e) as set forth in claim 5, further comprising:

a protocol determining section (13e) that:

sends out preset data according to a communication protocol selected from among a group of protocols applicable for communication of itself, prior to data transmission with said control unit (2); and

in the case where a response from said control unit (2) coincides with a predetermined response, determines the communication protocol as a communication protocol used for the data transmission with said control unit (2).

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a first data communication port (11) connected with
a first control unit (2α) having a predetermined first
communication protocol specialized for and dedicated for
said first control unit (2α);

a data processing section (13) that processes data inputted and outputted via said first and second data communication ports (11) and (12) in accordance with a procedure set beforehand;

an input section (16, 12) for inputting the first communication protocol from outside,

15. A data transmission method, applied when a data processing device (5) transmits data with a first data

processing device (2) and a second data processing device (5, 7), said data processing device being provided between said first data processing device (2) and said second data processing device (5, 7), said first data processing device (2) transmitting data according to a first communication protocol, and said second data processing device (5, 7) transmitting data according to a second communication protocol, said method comprising:

a dedicated protocol communication step of transmitting data with said first data processing device (2) according to a communication protocol specialized for said first data processing device (2); and

a common protocol communication step of transmitting data with said second data processing device (5, 7) according to a communication protocol common to data processing devices (5, 7) that are likely connected with said data processing device (5).

16. A data transmission method as set forth in claim 15, further comprising:

a communication protocol converting step of converting the second communication protocol into the first communication protocol,

wherein:

said communication protocol converting step

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including the sub-steps of:

holding special information of said first data processing device extracted from the first communication protocol and information that is common among said second communication protocols corresponding to the special information, in a form of a conversion table (18a); and

converting common information sent from said second data processing device (5, 7) into special information of said first data processing device (2), referring to said conversion table (18a).

17. The data transmission method as set forth in claim 16, wherein:

said protocol converting step includes the sub-step of:

holding information (18b) about a data transfer format of transfer information transmitted with said first data processing device (2), and

said converting sub-step includes:

converting command data using common information supplied from said second data processing device (5, 7), into special information corresponding to the command data, by using said conversion table (18a); and

converting the converted special information into transfer information specialized for said first data

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processing device (2), by substituting the converted special information for undefined information portions of the data transfer format information (18b).

18. The data transmission method as set forth in claim 17, wherein:

in said common protocol communication step, communication is conducted with a plurality of said second data processing devices (5, 7) via a common communication line (6); and

in said dedicated protocol communication step, communication is conducted with said first data processing device (2) via a dedicated communication line (4).

19. A data transmission method, applied when a data processing device (5) transmits data with a first data processing device (2) and a second data processing device (5, 7), said data processing device being provided between said first data processing device (2) and said second data processing device (5, 7), said first data processing device (2) transmitting data according to a first communication protocol, and said second data processing device (5, 7) transmitting data according to a second communication protocol, said method comprising:

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a dedicated protocol communication step of transmitting data with said first data processing device (2) according to a communication protocol specialized for said first data processing device (2);

a data sending step of, prior to said dedicated protocol communication step, selecting a communication protocol from among a group of protocols possessed by itself and sending out preset data according to the selected communication protocol; and

a protocol determining step of waiting for a response from said first data processing device (2), and determining a communication protocol to which a predetermined response is obtained as a communication protocol used for data transmission with said first data processing device (2).

20. The data transmission method as set forth in claim 19, wherein:

in said data sending step, a predetermined command to which any response data can be obtained from said first data processing device (2) side is sent out as the preset data.

21. The data transmission method as set forth in claim 20, wherein:

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in said data sending step, a command that uniformly specifies a communication protocol applied is sent out, depending on the command sent to said first data processing device (2) and the response data to the command.

22. The data transmission method as set forth in claim 21, wherein:

the command sent to said first data processing device (2) in said data sending step causes a certain error to said first data processing device (2); and

the response data returned in said protocol determining step from said first data processing device (2) having received the command enable determination of a type of the communication protocol.

23. A data transmission method as set forth in claim 19, further comprising:

a common protocol communication step of transmitting data with said second data processing device (5, 7) according to a communication protocol common to data processing devices (5, 7) that are likely connected with said data processing device (5); and

a real-time data converting step of converting the data transmitted according to the common protocol, at

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real time according to the first communication protocol so that data are transmitted with said first data processing device (2) in said dedicated protocol communication step.

24. A control-use host computer (7f), used in a control system (1) that includes:

a control unit (2) for controlling a control target (9);

a display device (3) that communicates with said control unit (2) via a dedicated network (4) so as to display or control a control state of said control unit (2) and that, in the case where a common network (6) apart from said dedicated network (4) has a communication protocol different from that of said dedicated network (4), converts one of the protocols into the other protocol; and

said control-use host computer (7) connected with said display device (3) via said common network (6),

said control-use host computer (7) comprising:

an interface section (51) that sends data streams containing instruction contents for said control unit (2) via said common network (6) to said display device (3) connected with said control unit (2).

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25. The control-use host computer (7f) as set forth in claim 24, further comprising:

a plurality of transmission control sections (57, 58) that are provided between said interface section (51) and a host-side display section (52a through 52d) for controlling or displaying a state of said control target (9) and that controls said interface section (51) in response to a request from said host-side display section (52a through 52d), so as to transmit or receive data for controlling or displaying the state of said control target (9),

wherein:

one of said transmission control sections (57, 58) is a simple transmission control section (58) that is capable of specifying the request through a simpler procedure than the other transmission control section (57) does.

26. A control system (1g) in which a control device (5) controls a control target (9) in response to a control output transmitted from a host device (7), and transmits information about the control to a display device (3) so that the information is synthesized and displayed with character and image data installed beforehand in said display device (3),

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wherein:

said display device (3gα through 3gγ) is provided between said host device (7g) and a control unit (2cα through 2cγ), so that the character and image data are downloaded from said host device so as to be installed in said display device.

27. The control system (1g) as set forth in claim 26, wherein:

communication between said control unit (2cα through 2cγ) and said corresponding display devices (3gα through 3gγ) is carried out according to a certain protocol, while communication through a network circuit (6) between said display device (3gα through 3gγ) is carried out according to a common protocol determined beforehand.

28. A control system (1h) in which a plurality of control units (2) respectively control control targets (9) in response to control outputs transmitted from a host device (7), and information about the controls is displayed in corresponding display devices (3), respectively,

wherein:

said display device (3hα through 3hγ) is provided between said host device (7g) and said control unit (2cα

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through 2cy), so that preset data are downloaded from said host device (7g) so as to be installed in said display device.

29. The control system (1h) as set forth in claim 28, wherein:

communication between said control unit (2cα through 2cy) and said corresponding display devices (3hα through 3hy) is carried out according to a certain protocol, while communication through a network circuit (6) between said display device (3hα through 3hy) and said host device (7g) is carried out according to a common protocol determined beforehand.

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ABSTRACT

A display device (3), which has conventionally been used exclusively for display of a control state of a control unit (2), is applied as center of data communication, and in the display device (3), an operation of converting a communication protocol used for data communication between control units (2) or between a control unit (2) and a data processing device (7) is performed. This ensures that in a control system (1) in which a plurality of control units (2) are used in association with each other, the control units (2) are used exclusively for their own purpose, that is, I/O control, thereby reducing loads on the control units (2). Furthermore, the data processing device (7) or the control units (2) need not consider innumerable communication protocols of the control units (2). This ensures a decrease in the number of steps necessary for production of software.

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Abstract Fig.

FIG. 1

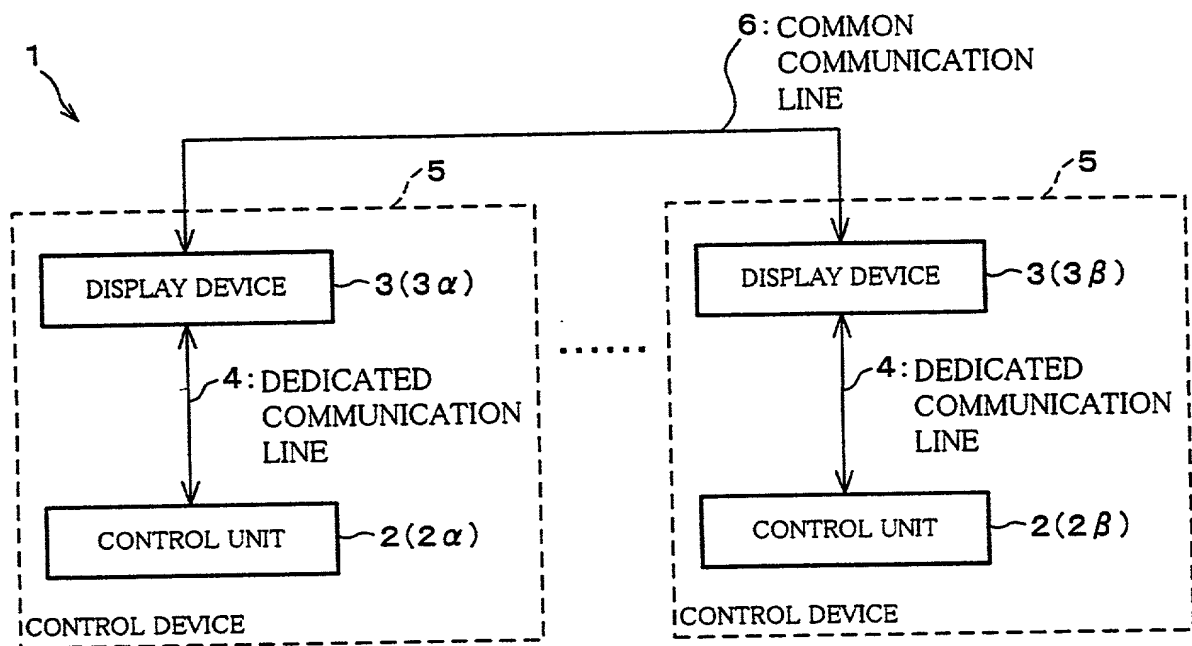


FIG. 1

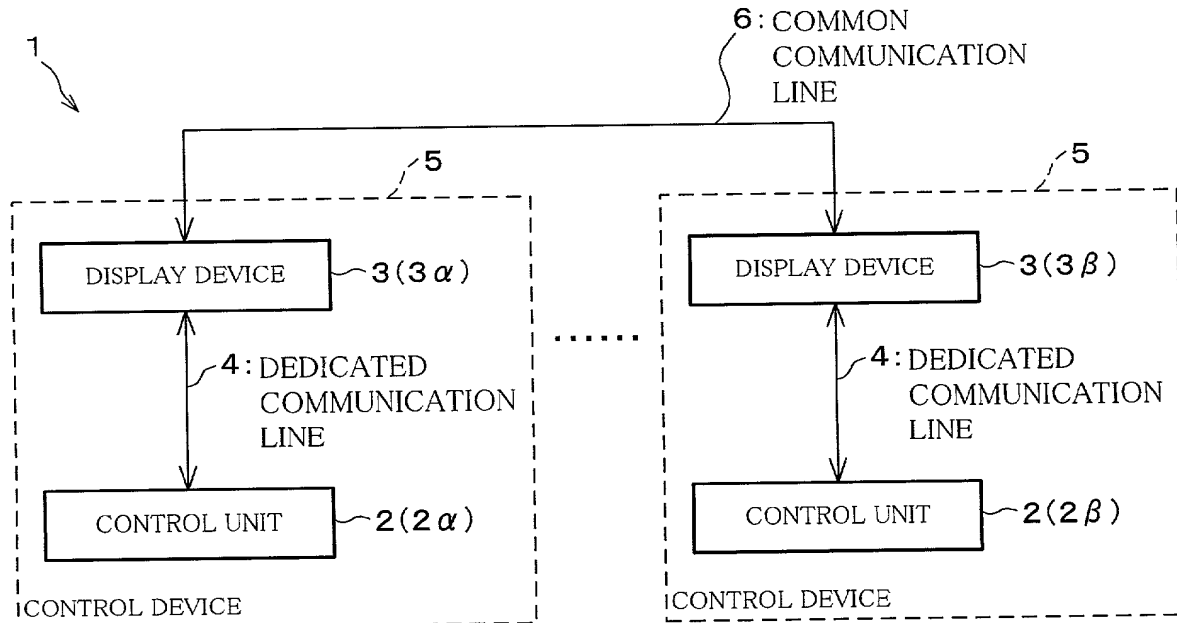


FIG. 2

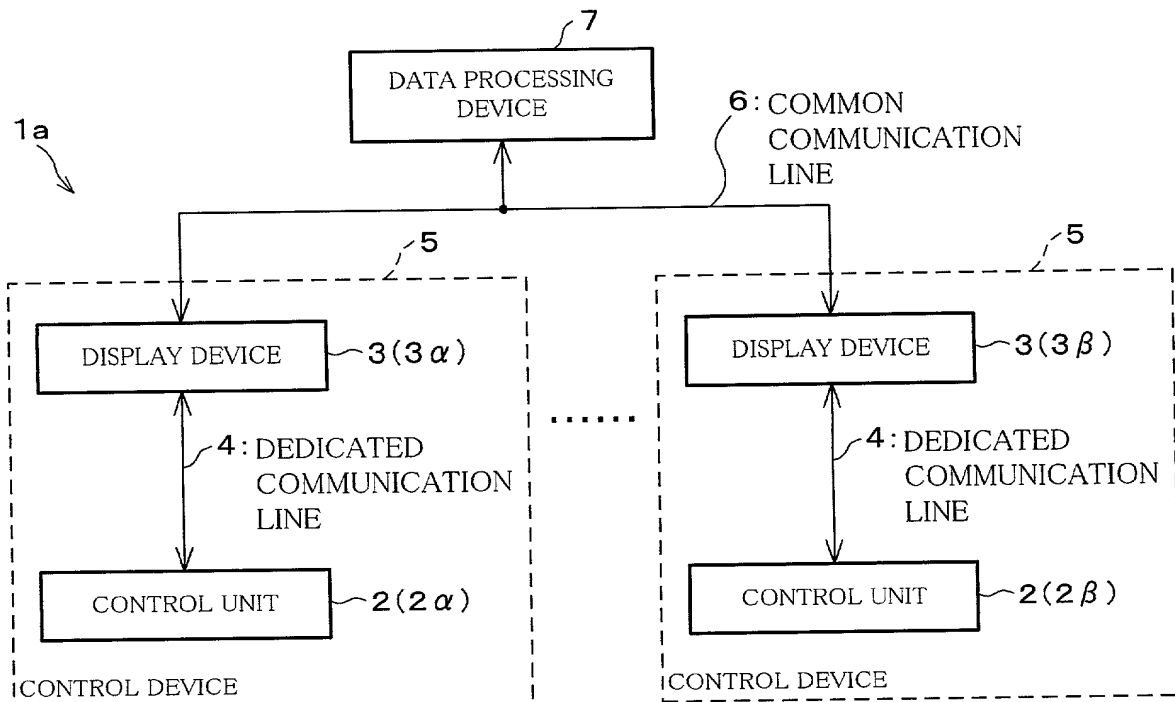


FIG. 3

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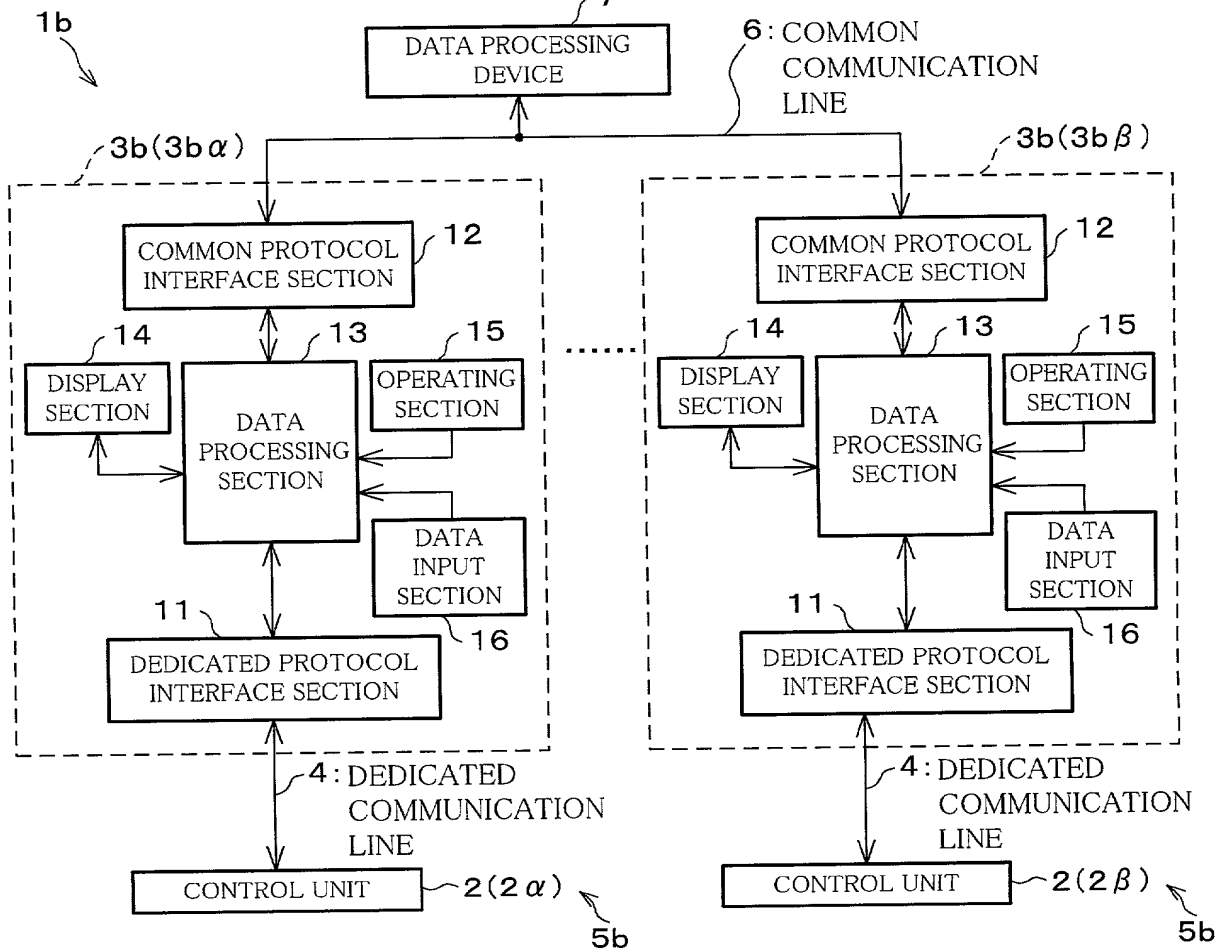


FIG. 4

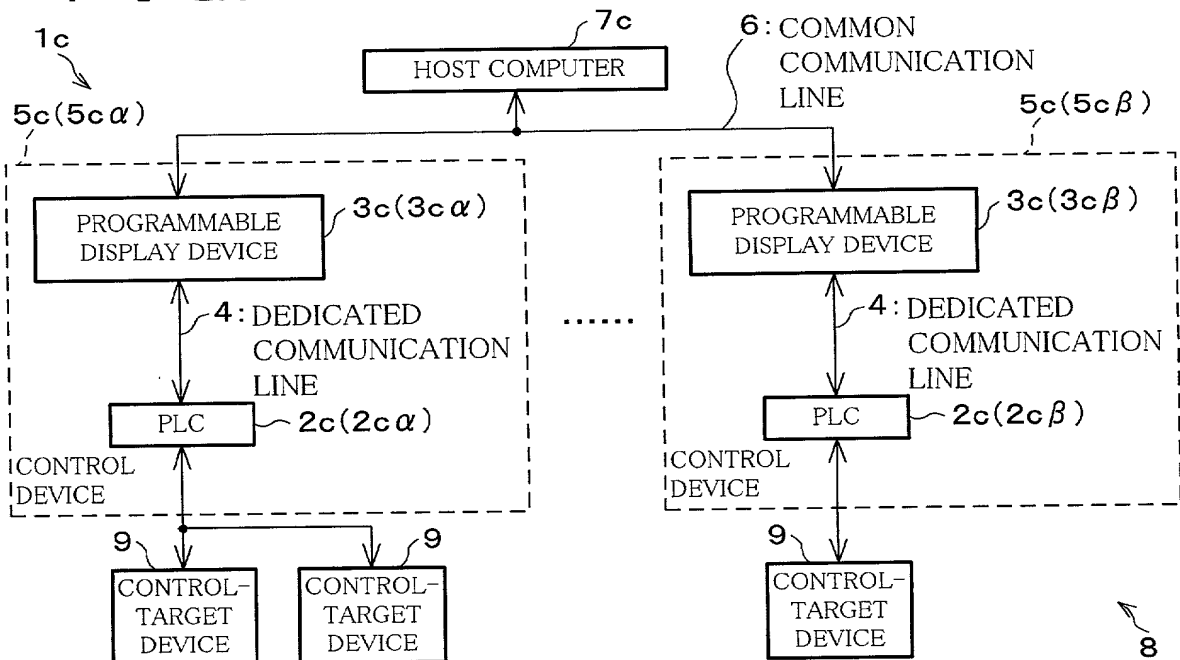


FIG. 5

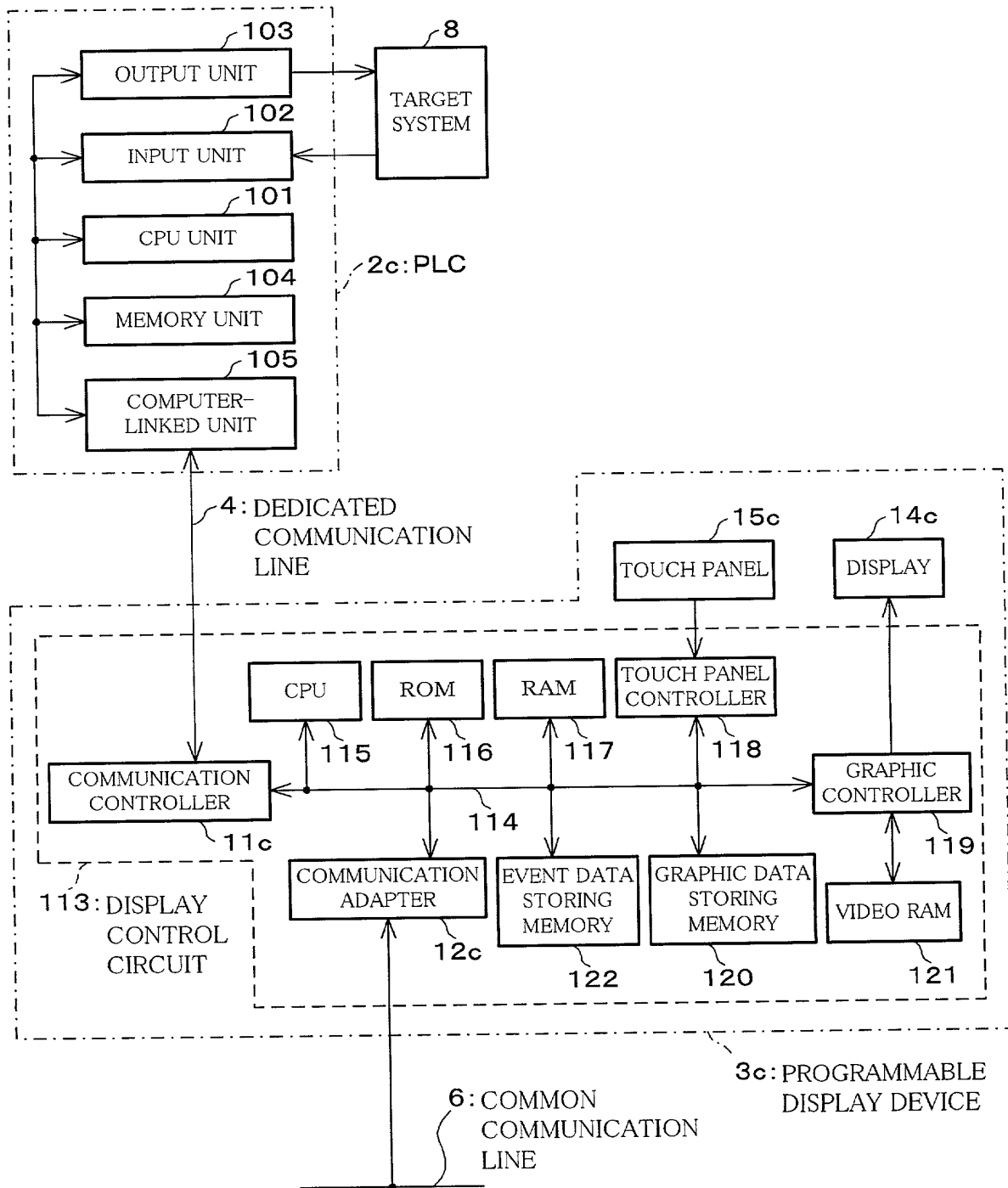


FIG. 6

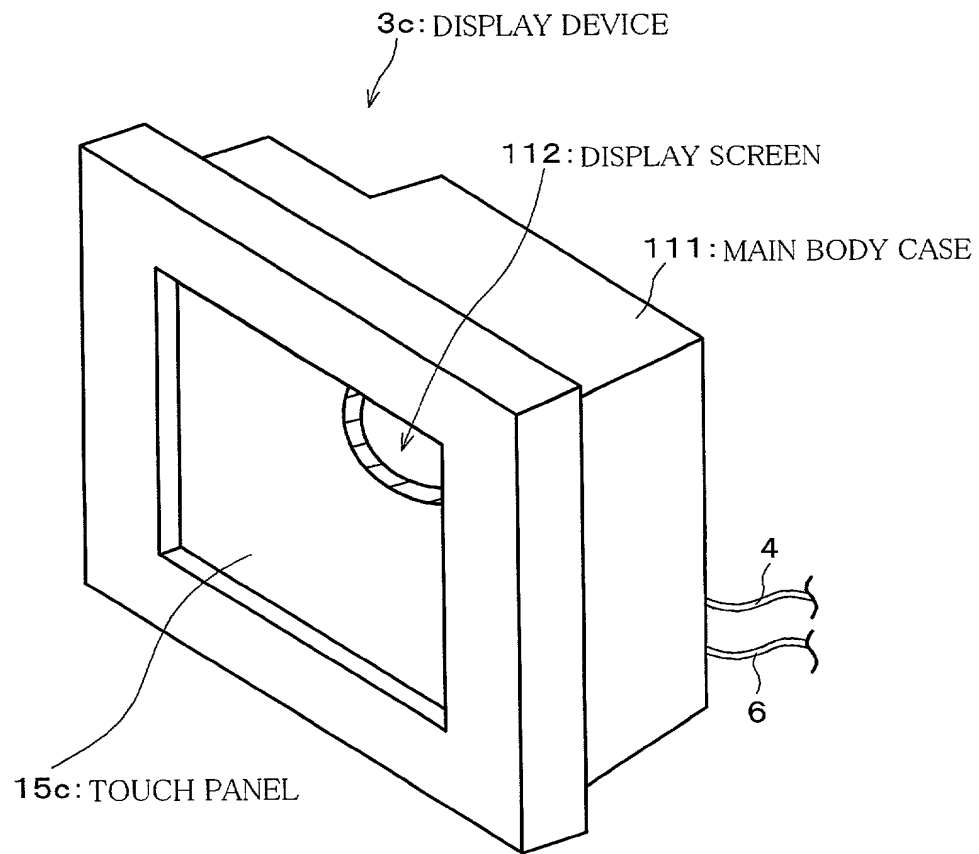


FIG. 7 (a) 5/21

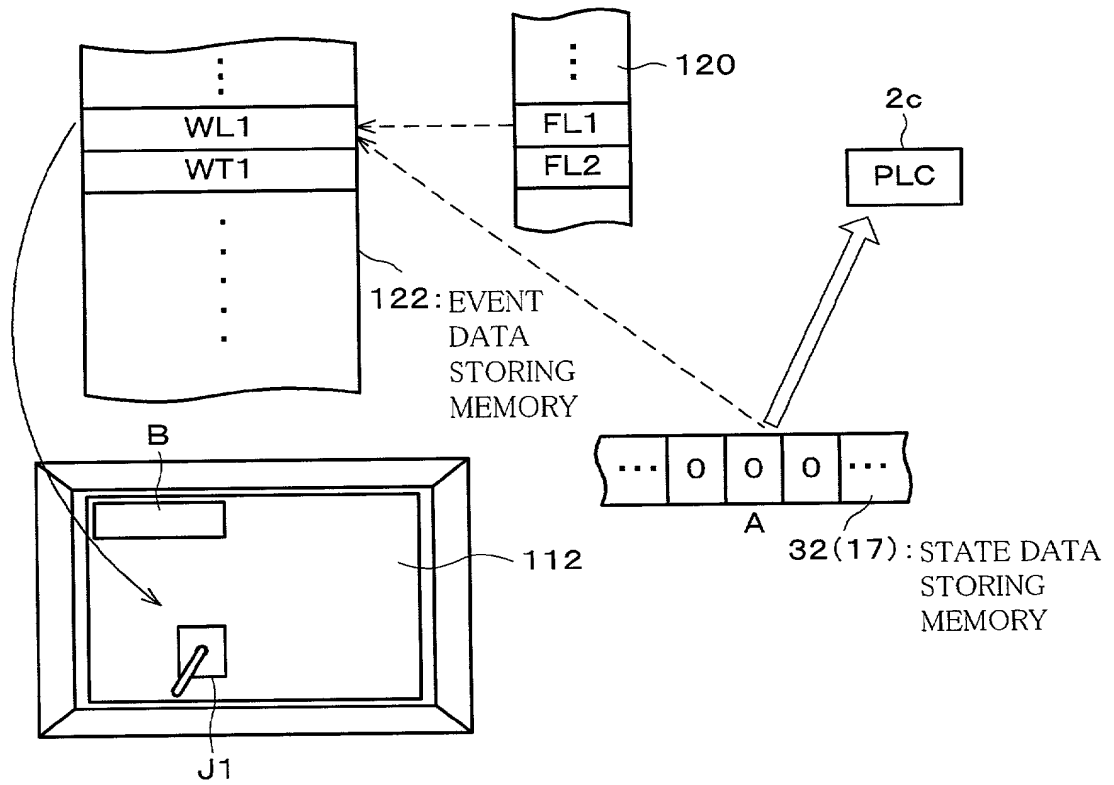


FIG. 7 (b)

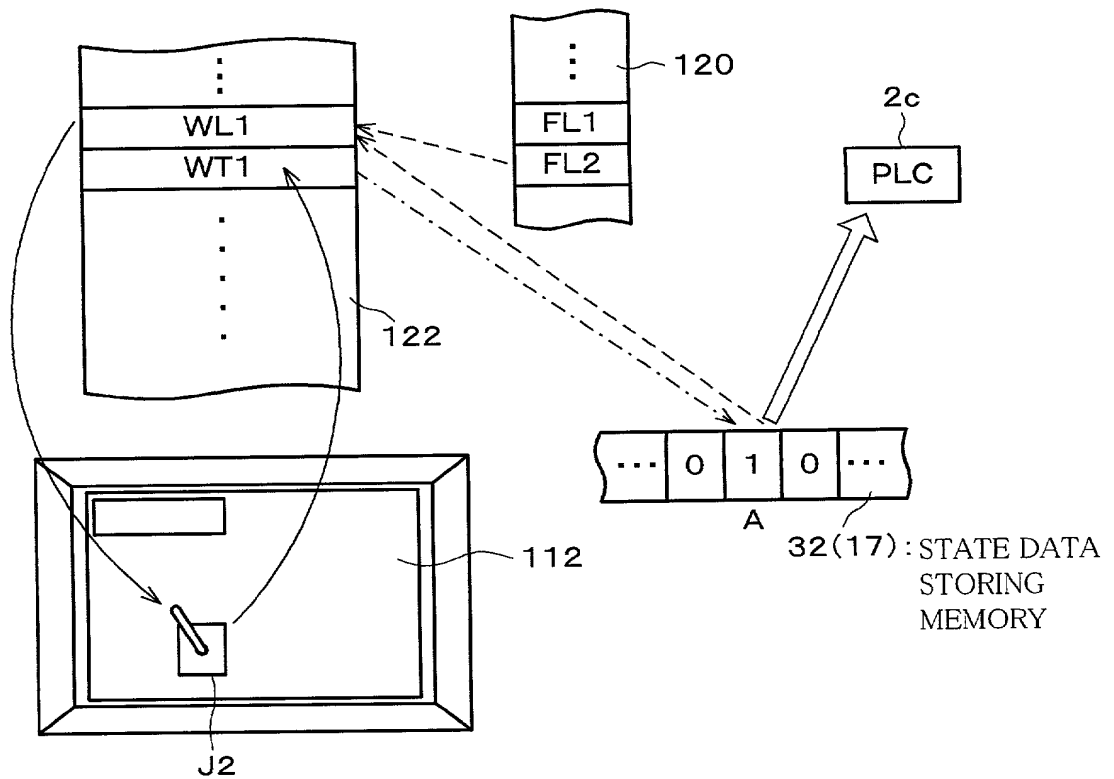


FIG. 8 (a)

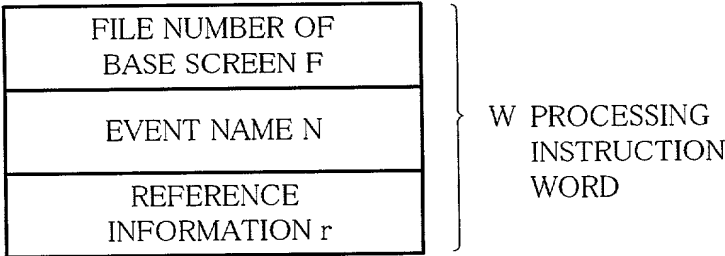


FIG. 8 (b)

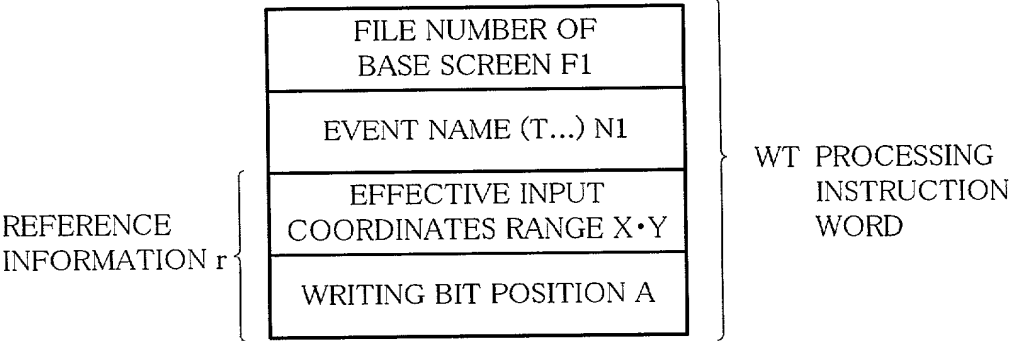
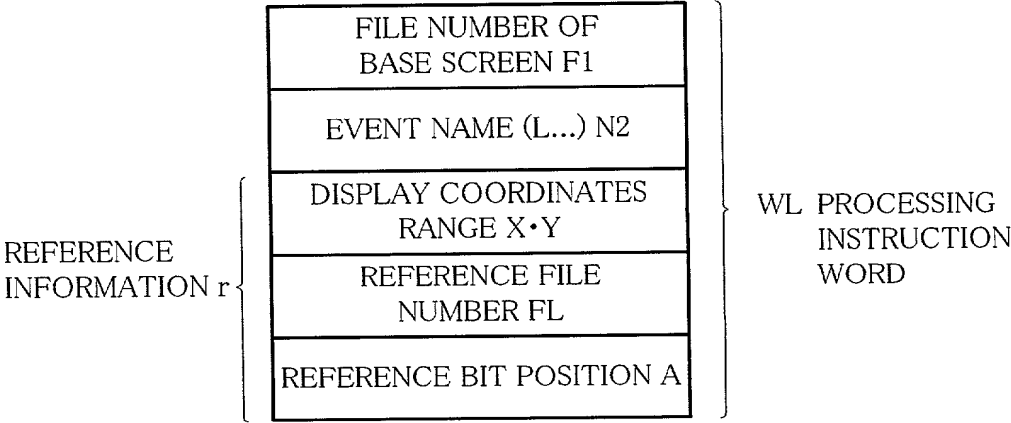


FIG. 8 (c)



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FIG. 9

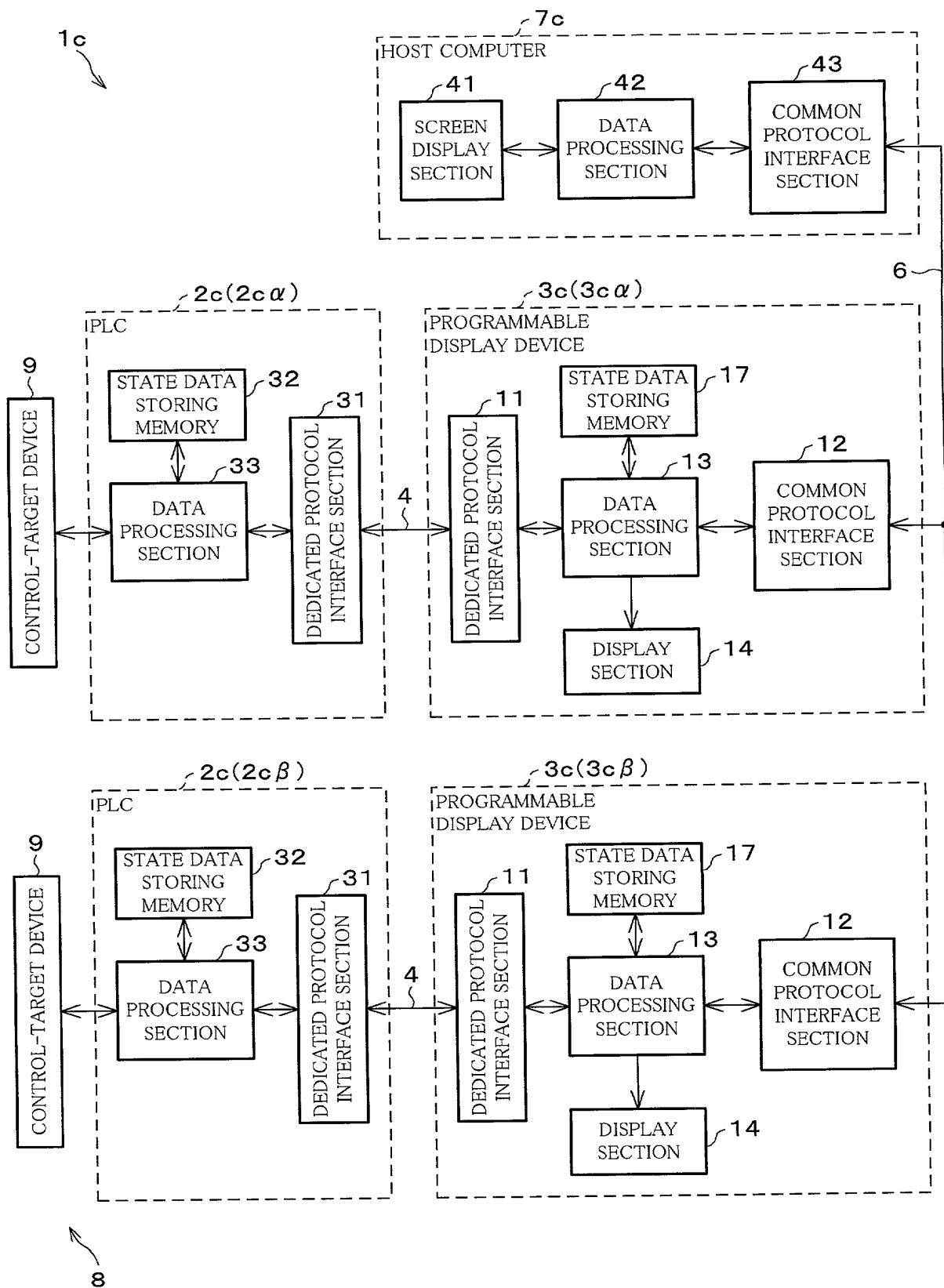
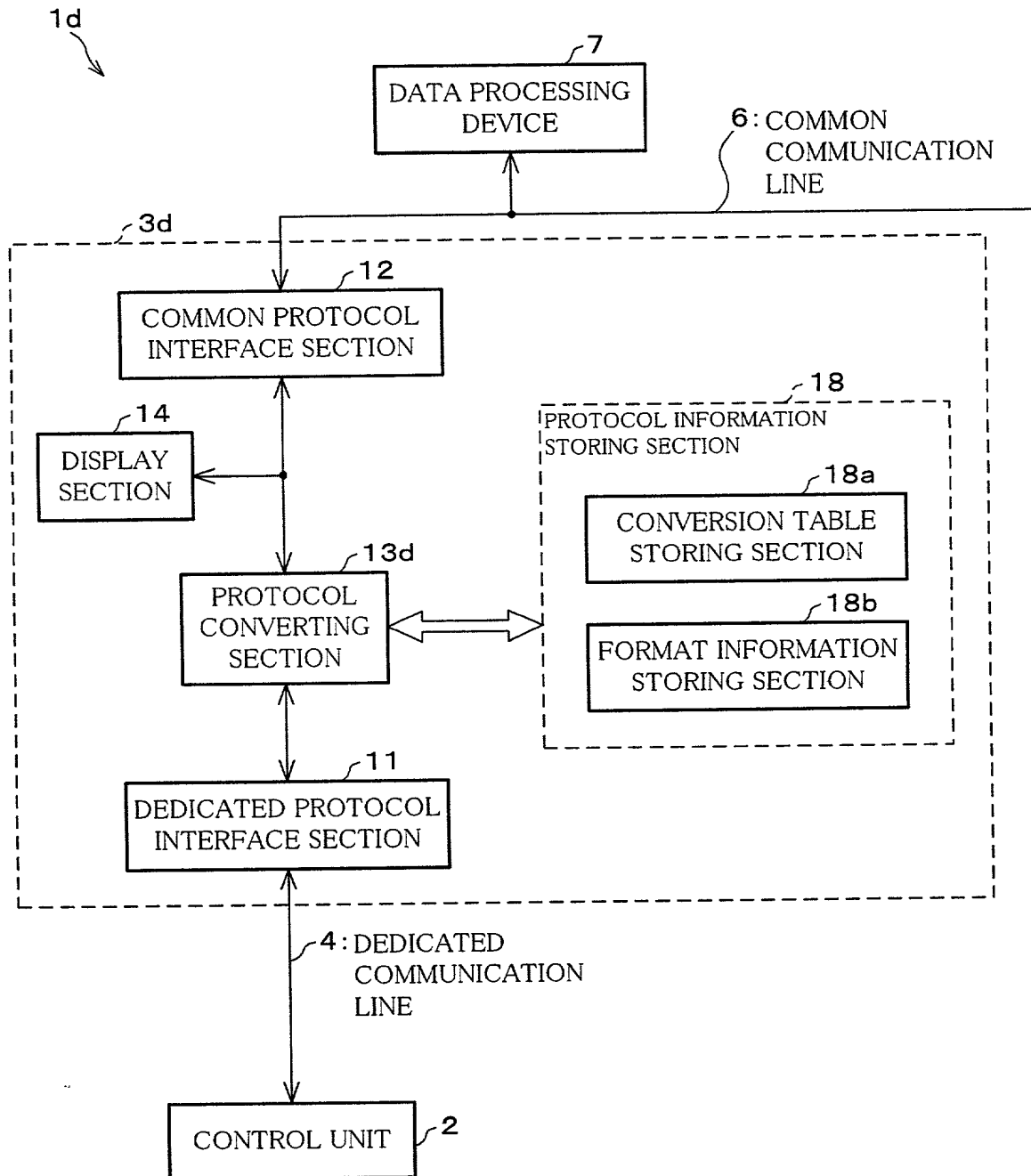
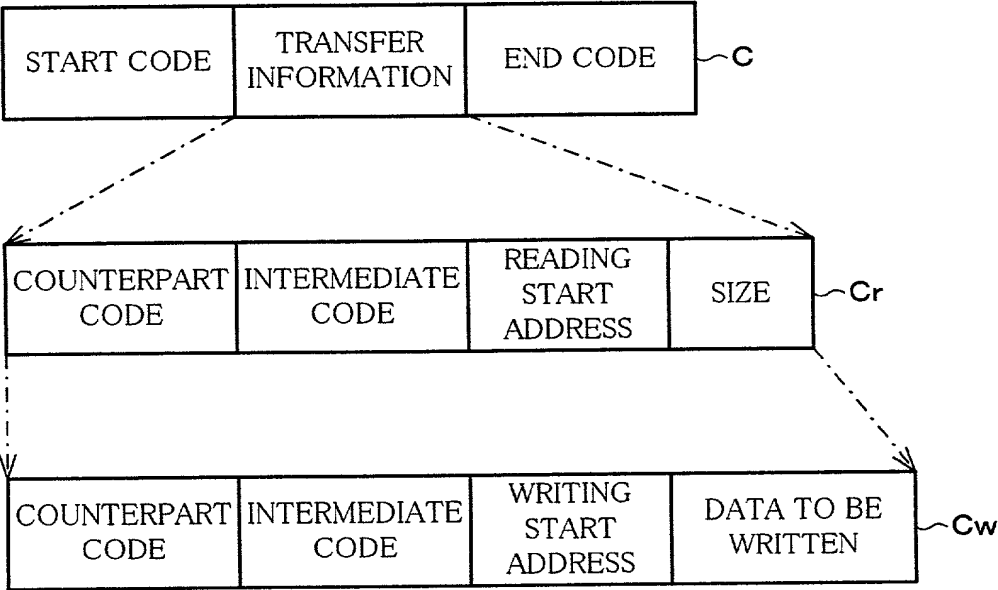


FIG. 10



F I G. 1 1



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FIG. 12

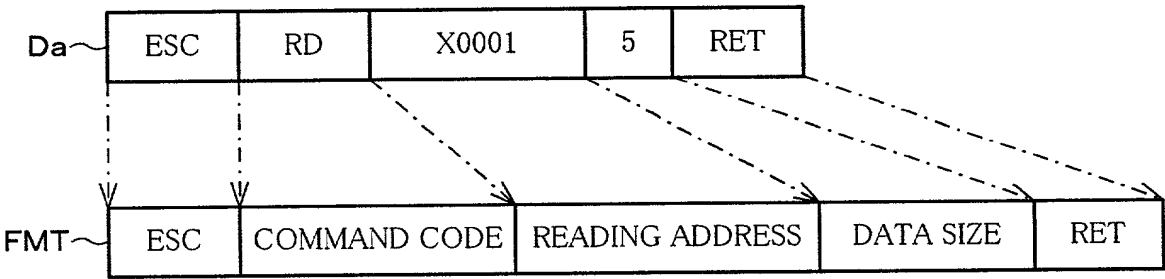
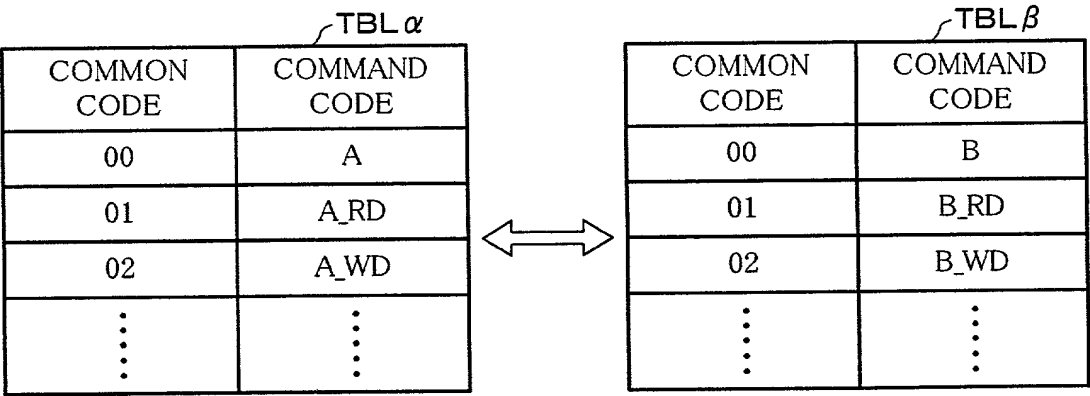
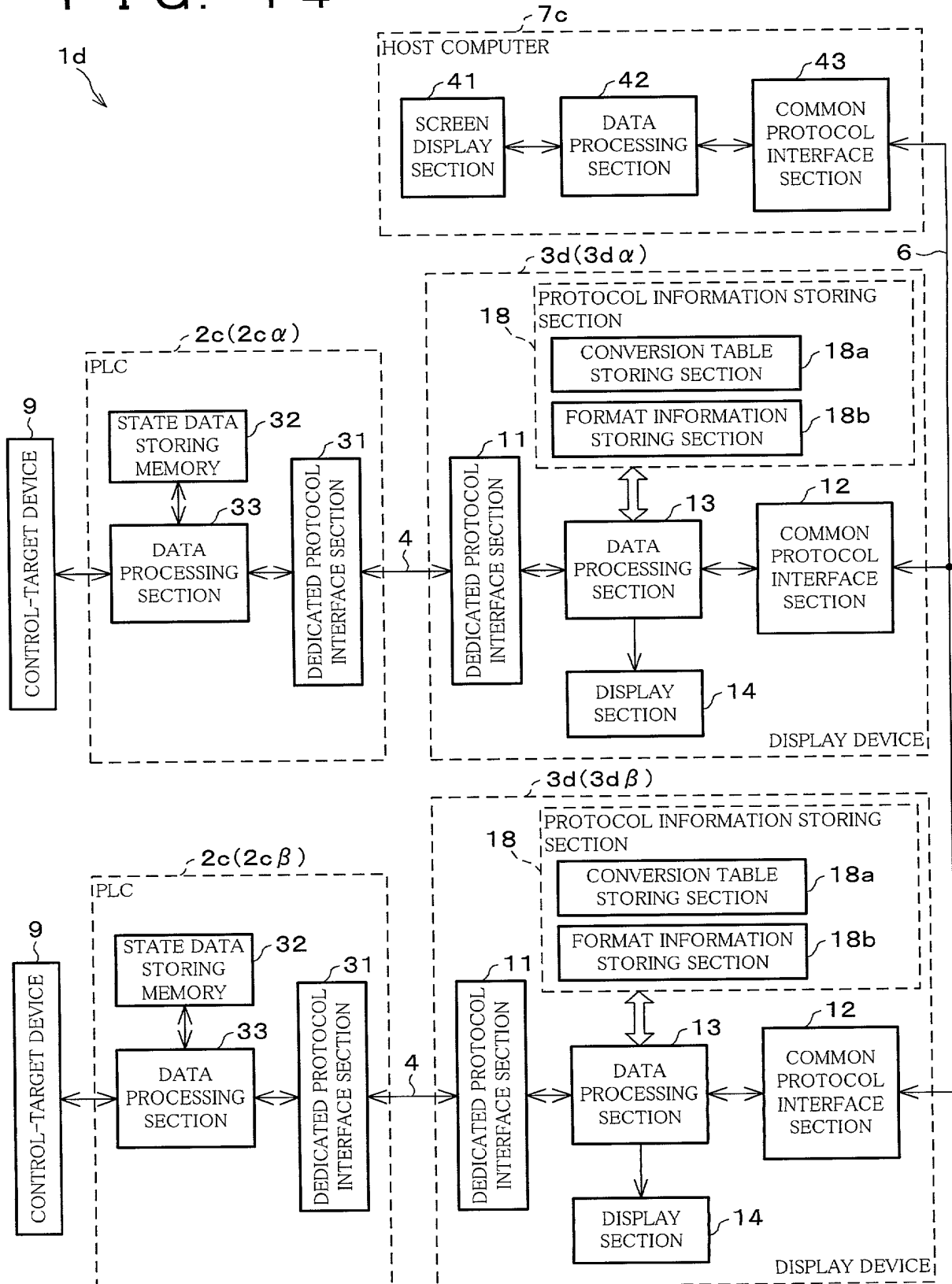


FIG. 13



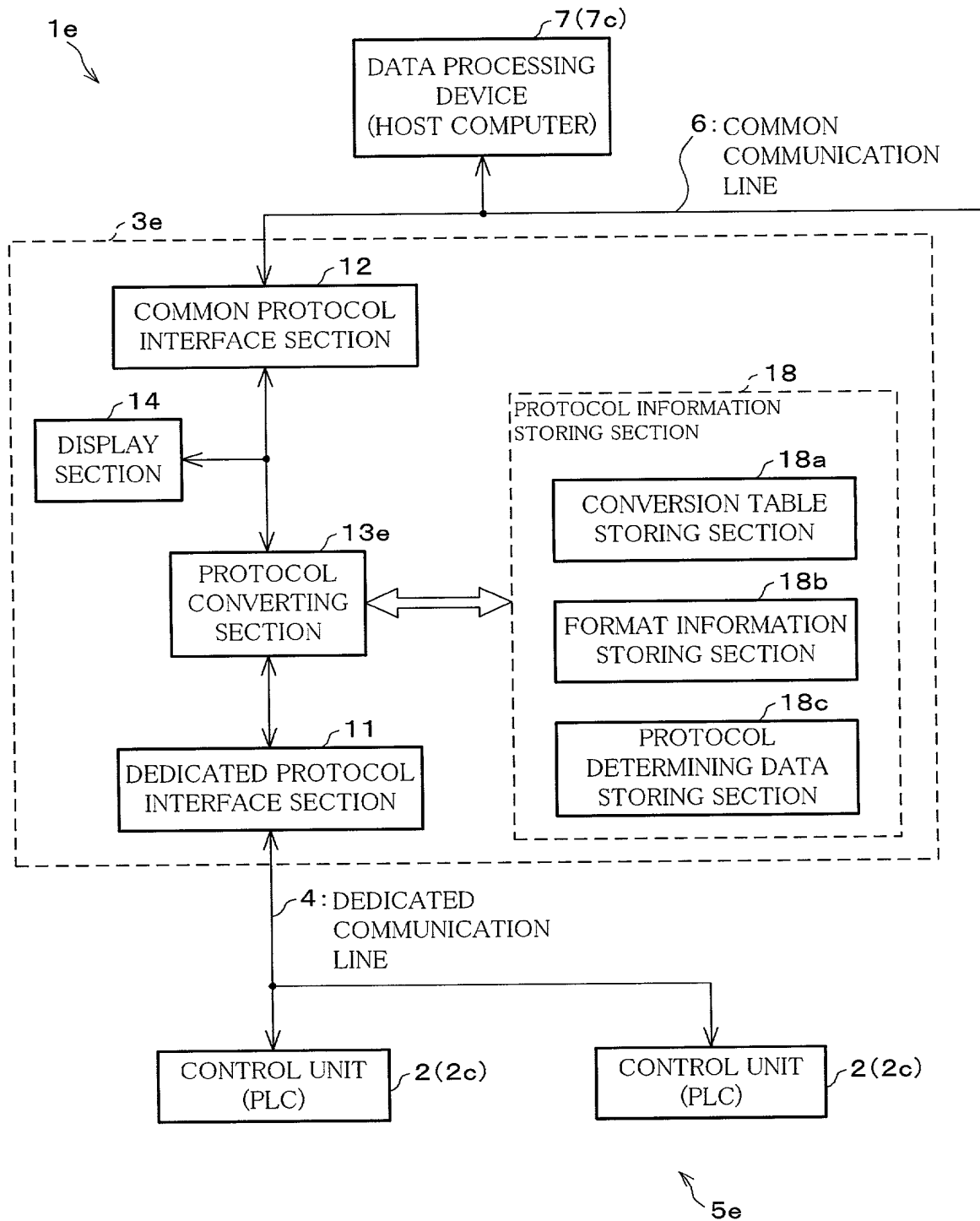
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FIG. 14



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FIG. 15



F I G. 1 6 (a)

PROTOCOL	RESPONSE CODE
α	10
$\alpha 2$	10
β	20
γ	30

F I G. 1 6 (b)

PROTOCOL	RESPONSE CODE
α	01
$\alpha 2$	02
β	01
γ	01

FIG. 17

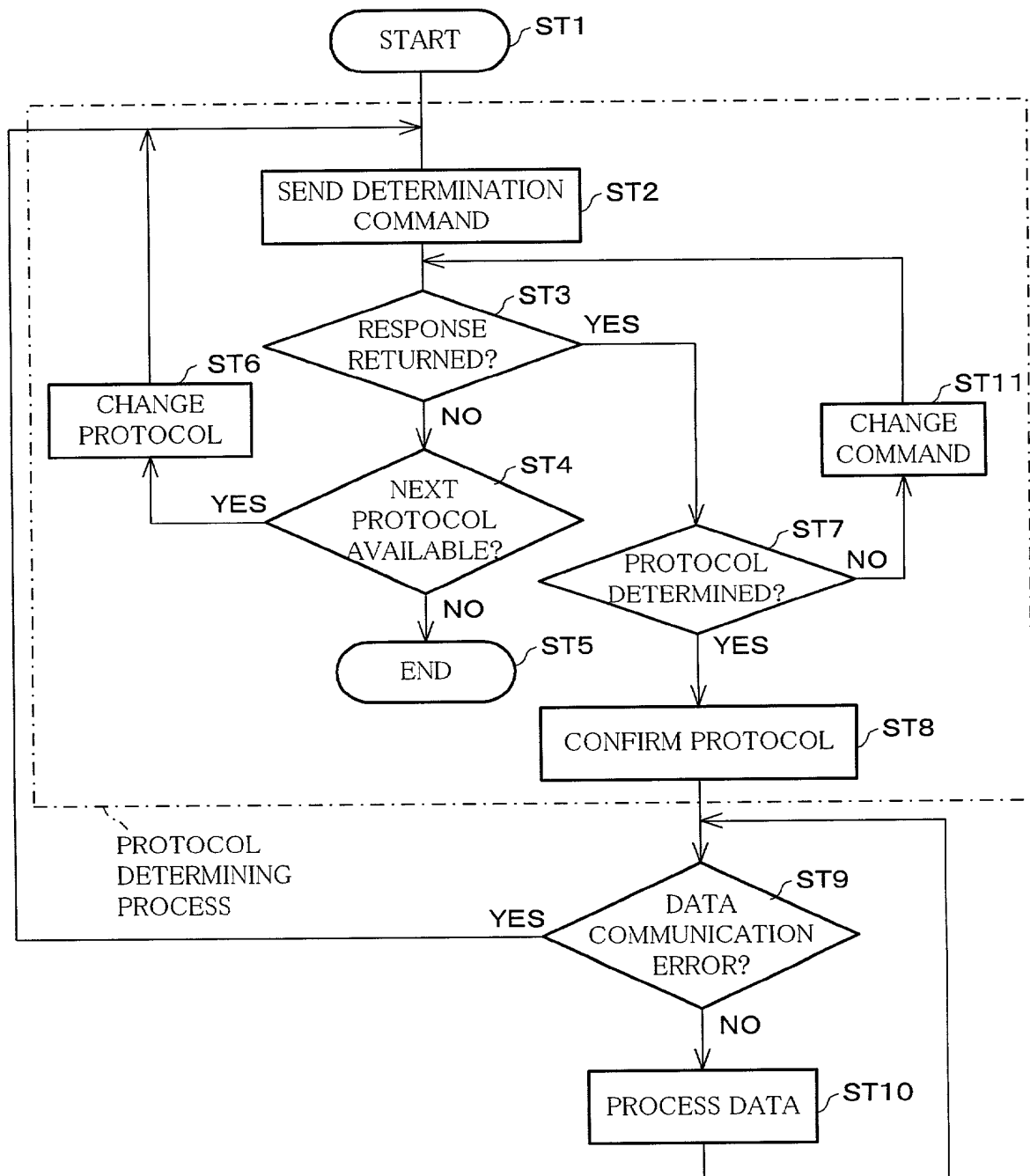


FIG. 18

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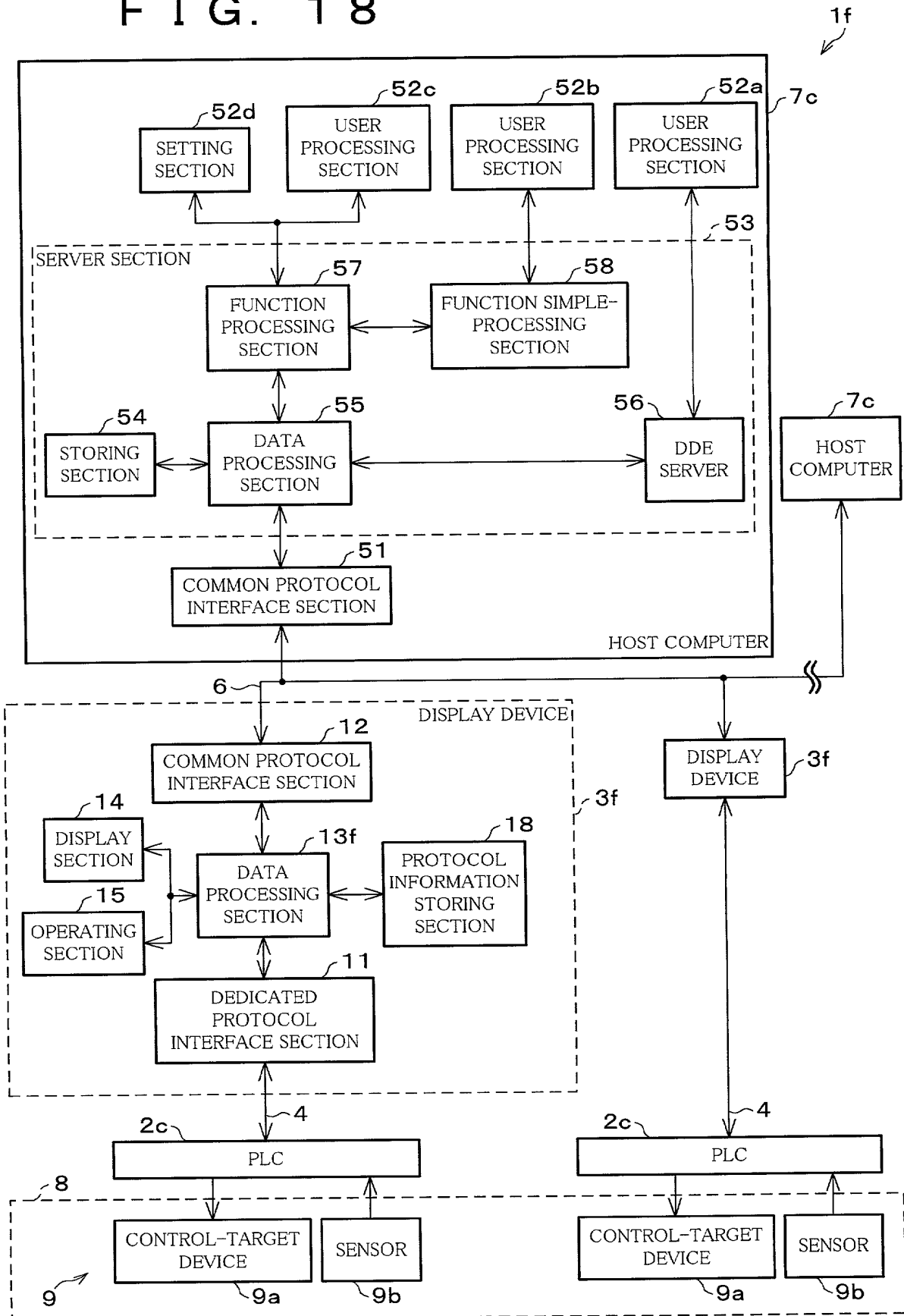
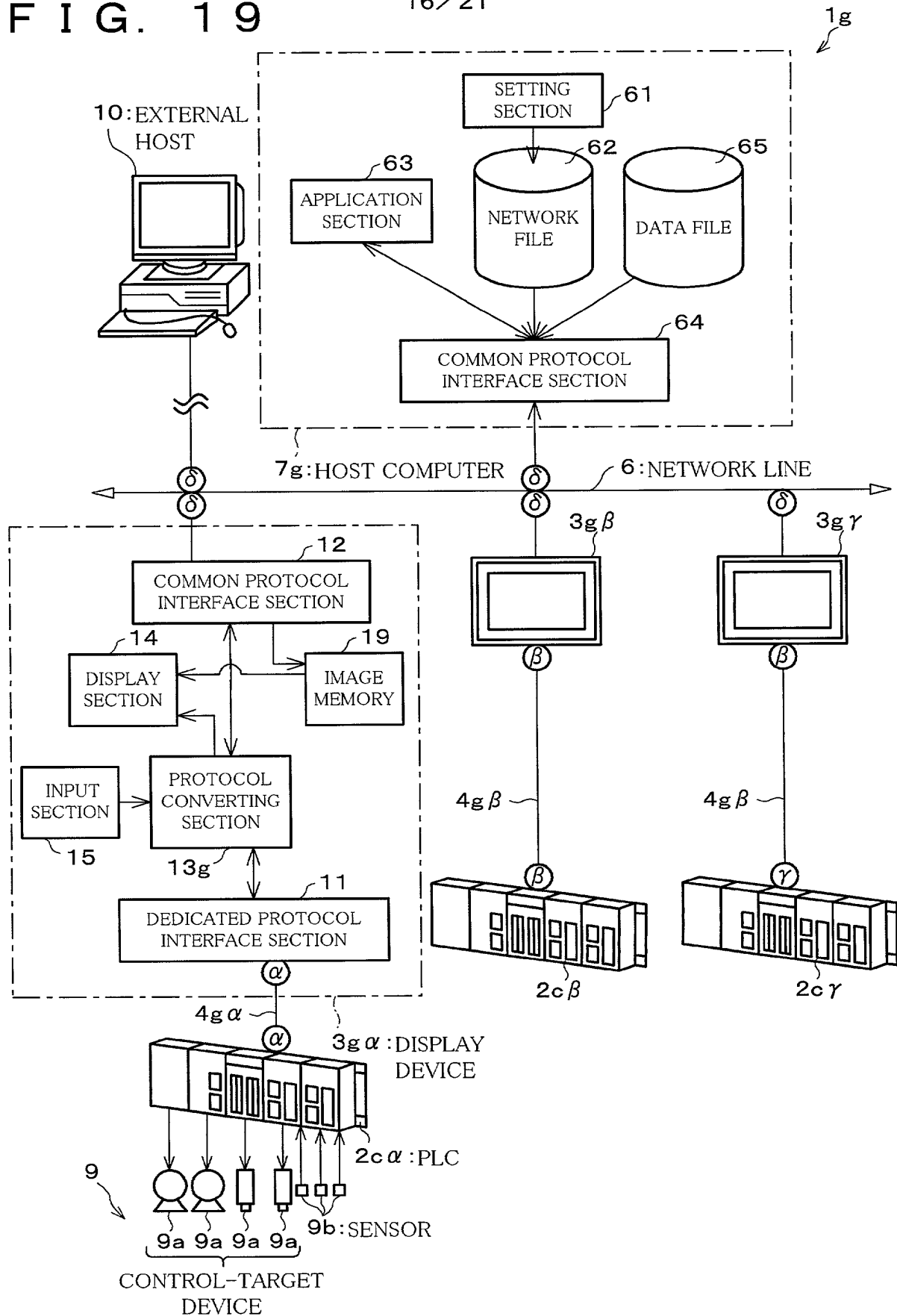


FIG. 19

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F I G. 20

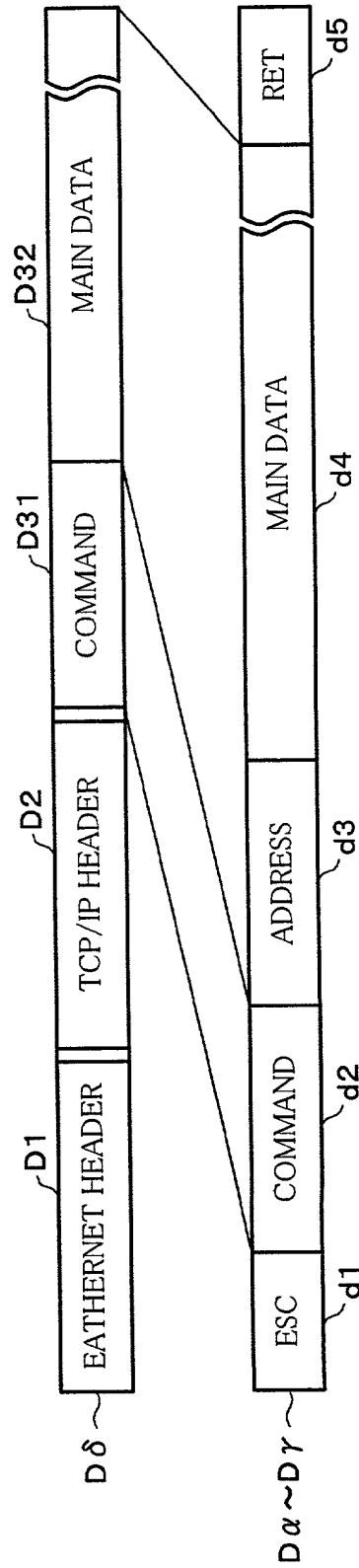


FIG. 21

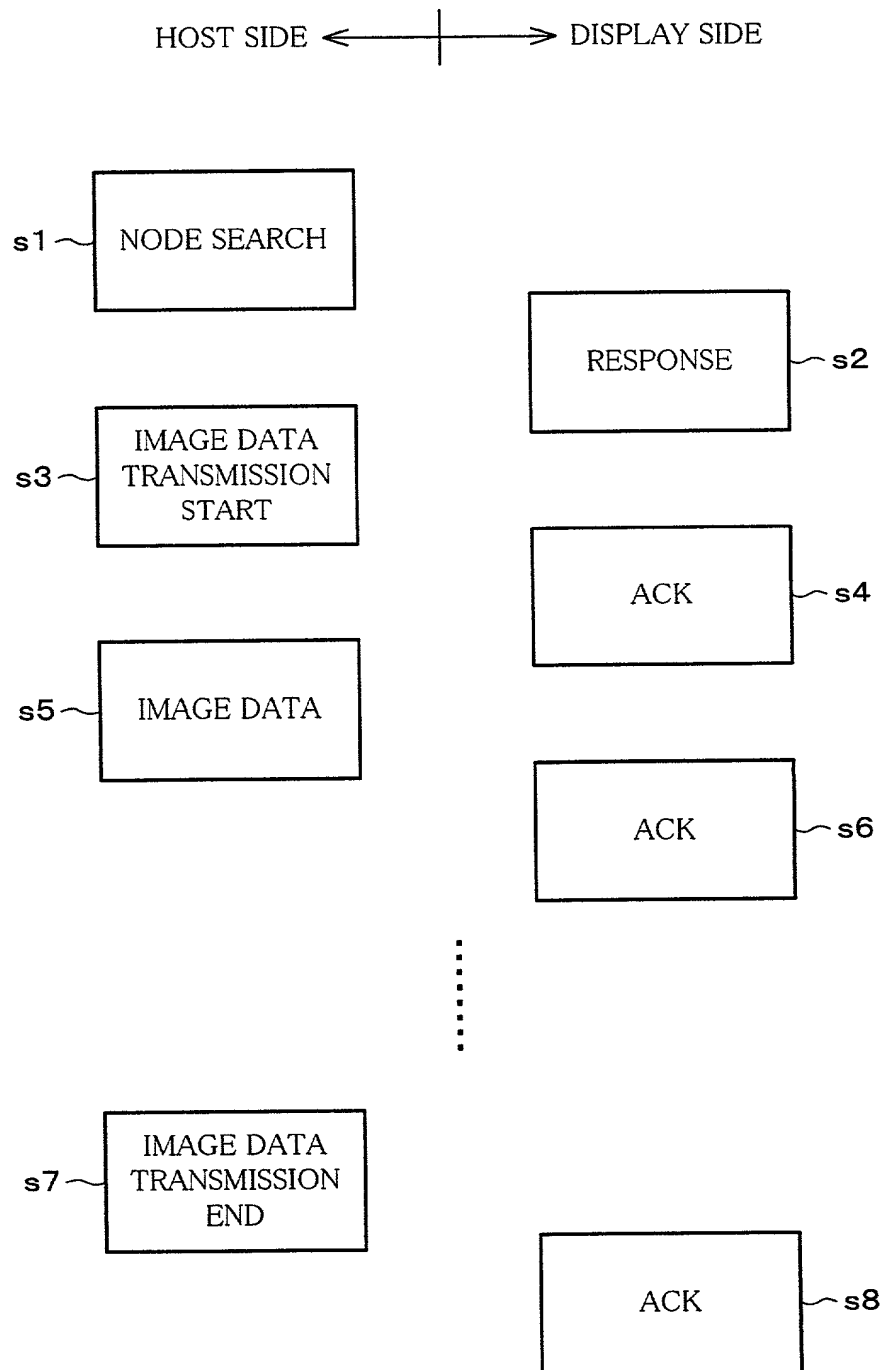


FIG. 22

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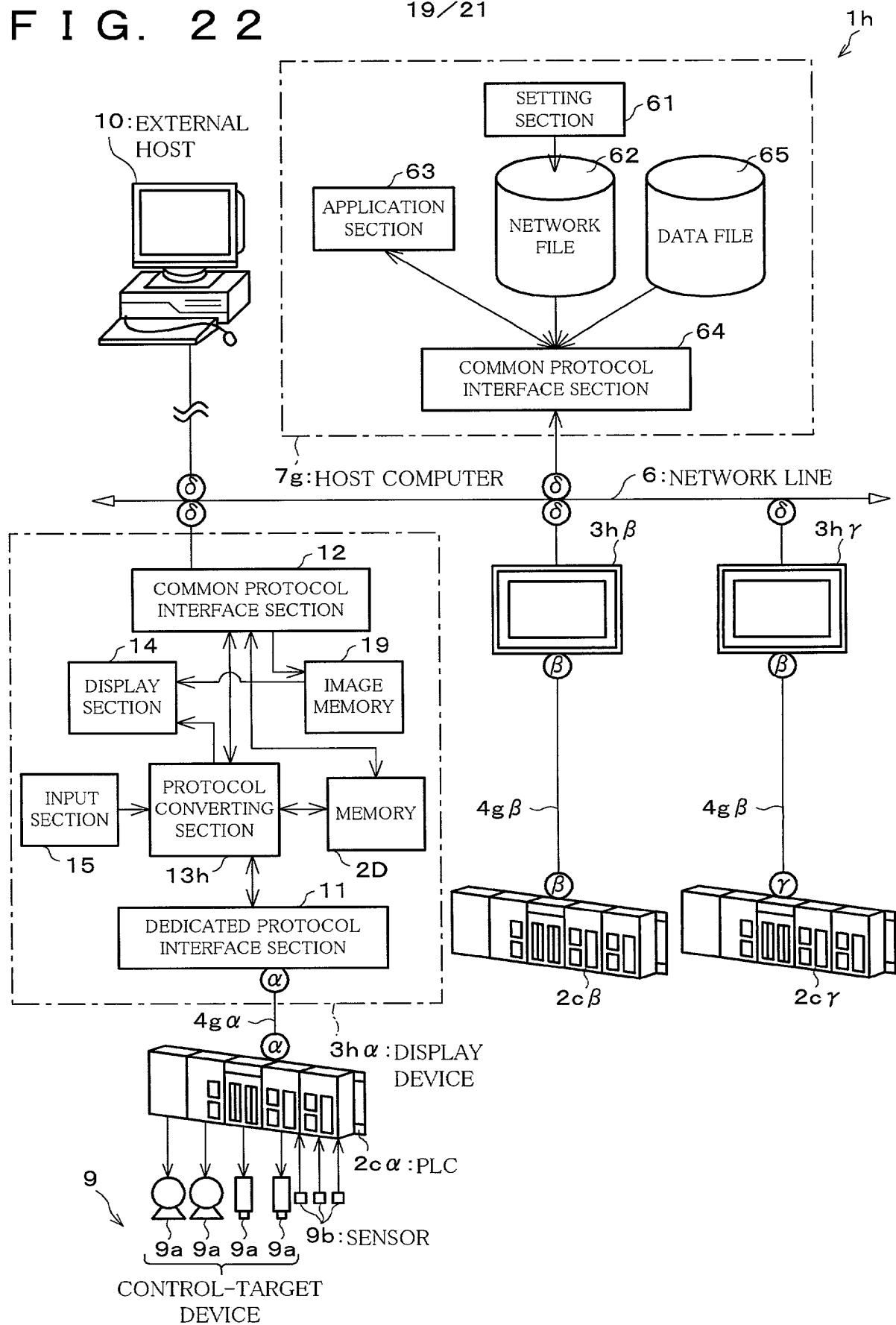


FIG. 23 (a)

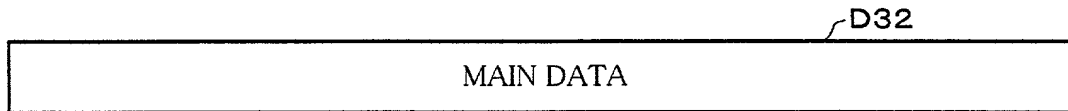


FIG. 23 (b)

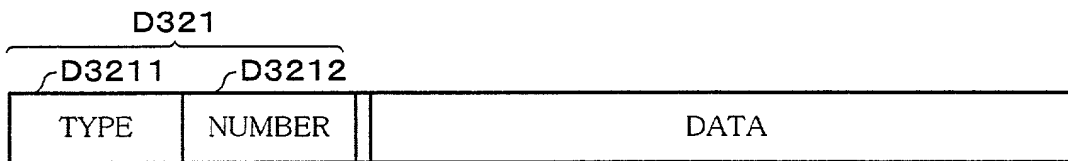


FIG. 23 (c)



FIG. 23 (d)

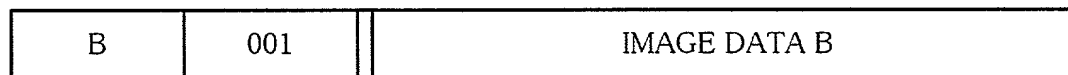


FIG. 23 (e)

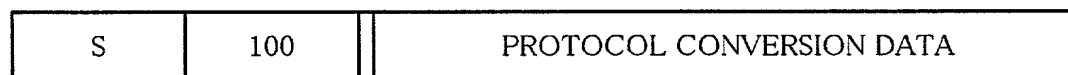


FIG. 23 (f)

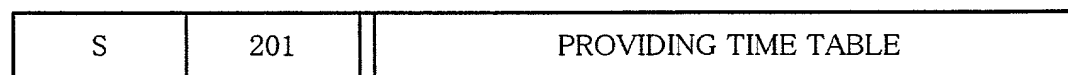


FIG. 23 (g)



COMBINED DECLARATION/POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR UTILITY/DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: CONTROL SYSTEM, DISPLAY DEVICE, CONTROL-USE HOST COMPUTER, AND DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the box is checked:

☒ was filed on April 23, 1999 as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number PCT/JP99/02204 and was amended on Nov. 24, 1999 and May 1, 2000 (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefit(s) under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Not Claimed

<u>10-117117</u>	<u>Japan</u>	<u>27/Apr./1998</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	Day/Month/Year Filed	
<u>10-120343</u>	<u>Japan</u>	<u>30/Apr./1998</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	Day/Month/Year Filed	
<u>10-148801</u>	<u>Japan</u>	<u>29/May/1998</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	Day/Month/Year Filed	
<u>10-232600</u>	<u>Japan</u>	<u>19/Aug./1998</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	Day/Month/Year Filed	
<u>10-311039</u>	<u>Japan</u>	<u>30/Oct./1998</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Number)	(Country)	Day/Month/Year Filed	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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(Application Serial No.) (Filing Date) (Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorneys and agent to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

James D. Halsey, Jr., 22,729; Harry John Staas, 22,010; David M. Pitcher, 25,908; John C. Garvey, 28,607; J. Randall Beckers, 30,358; William F. Herbert, 31,024; Richard A. Gollhofer, 31,106; Mark J. Henry, 36,162; Gene M. Garner II, 34,172; Michael D. Stein, 37,240; Paul I. Kravetz, 35,230; Gerald P. Joyce, III, 37,648; Todd E. Marlette, 35,269; Beverly A. Pawlikowski, 36,404; Harlan B. Williams, Jr., 34,756; George N. Stevens, 36,938; Michael C. Soldner, P-41,455; Kevin R. Spivak, P-43,148; and William M. Schertler, 35,348 (agent)

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Direct all telephone calls to: (202) 434-1500

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor Nobuhiro II

Inventor's Signature Nobuhiro Ii Date October 13, 2000

Residence c/o DIGITAL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION, 8-2-52, Nankohigashi, Suminoe-ku,

Osaka-shi, Osaka 559-0031 JAPAN JPX Citizenship Japanese

Post Office Address same as residence

Full name of second joint inventor, if any Minoru YOSHIDA

Second Inventor's Signature Minoru Yoshida Date October 13, 2000

Residence c/o DIGITAL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION, 8-2-52, Nankohigashi, Suminoe-ku,

Osaka-shi, Osaka 559-0031 JAPAN JPX Citizenship Japanese

Post Office Address same as residence

☒ Additional inventors are being named on separately numbered sheets attached hereto.

COMBINED DECLARATION/POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR UTILITY/DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **CONTROL SYSTEM, DISPLAY DEVICE, CONTROL-USE HOST COMPUTER, AND DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD**

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the box is checked:

☒ was filed on April 23, 1999 as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number PCT/JP99/02204 and was amended on Nov. 24, 1999 and May 1, 2000 (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

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(Number)	(Country)	Day/Month/Year Filed	
<u>10-311039</u>	<u>Japan</u>	<u>30/Oct./1998</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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3- Full name of ^{3rd} sole or first inventor Yuichi MORIGAKI
 Inventor's Signature Yuichi Morigaki Date October 13, 2000
 Residence c/o DIGITAL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION, 8-2-52, Nankohigashi, Suminoe-ku,
Osaka-shi, Osaka 559-0031 JAPAN JPX Citizenship Japanese
 Post Office Address same as residence

4- Full name of ^{4th} second joint inventor, if any Satoshi KATO
 Second Inventor's Signature Satoshi Kato Date October 13, 2000
 Residence c/o DIGITAL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION, 8-2-52, Nankohigashi, Suminoe-ku,
Osaka-shi, Osaka 559-0031 JAPAN JPX Citizenship Japanese
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Full name of ^{5th} sole or first inventor

Akio SHINOHARA

Inventor's Signature Akio Shinohara Date October 13, 2000

Residence c/o DIGITAL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION, 8-2-52, Nankohigashi, Suminoe-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 559-0031 JAPAN JPX Citizenship Japanese

Post Office Address same as residence

Full name of second joint inventor, if any

Second Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____

Residence _____

Citizenship _____

Post Office Address _____

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